

The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. XIII. NO. 43

A CHELSEA PAPER FOR CHELSEA PEOPLE.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1901.

WHOLE NUMBER 667

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

HOLIDAY GOODS

We are putting on our counters the largest lot of Holiday goods ever shown by this house, and they were bought at department store prices prices that are much lower than the ordinary store ever hears of.

Big lot of sterling silver trimmed novelties, regular 10c values, our price 5c.

Better quality, larger sizes, 10, 15 and 25c.

Big assortment of sterling trimmed hair brushes, clothes brushes, combs, dressing cases.

Plain and fancy aprons, pillow tops, pillows, handkerchiefs, etc.

Special values in pure linen handkerchiefs at 5c, 10c, 15c and 25c.

UNDERWEAR SALE.

We are closing out some very nice heavy underwear in small odd lots and prices at cost and less to clean up the stock.

SHOES AND RUBBERS

Specially low prices on all kinds of heavy and warm lined shoes and rubbers.

Reduced prices on Carpets for this month.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO

Agents for Butterick's Patterns and Publications

HERE'S WHERE MONEY WENT

What the \$48,078.29 Brought for Washtenaw County.

The expenditures of Washtenaw county from October 1, 1900, to October 1, 1901, were \$48,078.29. They are quite interesting. The total amount includes three months of the former county officers and nine months of the present officers. The expenditures are divided as follows:

Board of prisoners and turn key fees	\$ 5,019 41
Burial of indigent soldiers	800 00
Books, stationery and printing	1,658 00
Conveying insane to asylum	119 76
Conveying prisoners to work house	56 20
County clerk, salary and allowances	1,078 48
County treasurer, salary and allowances	916 65
Coroner fees	362 80
Constable fees	707 84
Contagious diseases	1,322 64
County canvassers	90 00
Defense of prisoners	825 00
Deputy sheriffs	3,770 40
Fuel	549 06
Game wardens	52 60
Jurors, coroner's inquests	349 55
Justice fees	3,168 26
Jurors in circuit court	3,681 80
Judge circuit court	100 00
Janitor	569 58
Lighting	932 48
Medical examination, insane	270 60
Medical service at jail	24 00
Prosecuting attorney, salary and allowance	1,928 34
Probate Judge	1,725 00
Postage	211 30
Probate register	999 97
Register deeds, allowances	389 80
Reporting births	180 88
Supplies and repairs	5,180 90
Soldier relief commission	235 36
Supervisors, per diem and mileage	2,266 35
School commissioner	1,354 38
School examiners	300 00
Stenographer	1,085 66
Sheriff fees	1,165 54
Sparrow bounty	1,523 24
Superintendent of the poor	359 57
Sundries	283 45
Telegraph and telephone	268 05
Witness fees, justice court and coroner's inquests	506 22
Witness fees, circuit court	155 78
Support of insane	991 57
Total	\$48,078 29

Election of Officers.

The following officers were elected at the annual meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E., Monday evening:

President—D. W. Greenleaf.
Vice President—Chauncey Freeman.
Secretary—Gladys Mapes.
Assistant Sec.—Bertha Schumacher.
Corresponding Sec.—Mrs. Greenleaf.
Treasurer—F. C. Mapes.
Organist—Nina Crowell.
Assistant Organist—Helene Steinbach.
Chorister—Anna Lighthall.
Assistant Chorister—Mrs. E. E. Shaver.

THANKSGIVING ADDRESS

Extracts From Rev. Carl S. Jones' Address at Baptist Church.

"The best time to be a boy the world has ever known is just this time—just at the outset of a great vigorous forceful wisdom-loving century." There never was a time when sober, intelligent, skillful, trustworthy men were so much sought after and in so great demand. Before us is an era of unlimited opportunity. The true patriot is proud of his country but his pride is founded on a knowledge of the source of his nation's greatness. The Hebrew was intensely proud of his nation. This pride found expression in the 48th psalm. The Hebrews were a chosen people, pre-eminently receptive to divine truth with an abiding faith in God and a staunch sense of their peculiar place and destiny among the nations. There are mighty bulwarks of national defense stronger than walls of masonry, great lofty towers of strength more impregnable than by battering ram or shot and shell, great beautiful palaces of refuge in which as Americans we may rejoice.

There is no fairer land than ours for the building of a great nation. Diversity of climate, noble rivers, great lakes with mighty commercial interests, fertile valleys capable of sustaining millions of population, make us with our mineral wealth, better equipped than any other nation under the sun. Extent of territory sufficient to meet the needs of an ever increasing population is the first requisite to greatness and stability. England and Germany are not self sustaining in food products and never can be. They must depend on foreign supply. The United States has the economic advantage of supplying its own food and can therefore compete successfully with the world.

The instruments that will help us to outstrip all nations that are towers of strength to our land are:

1. The steam engine and dynamo. In this country and Great Britain steam power is at work equal to the strength of 551,600,000 able bodied men—or fourteen mechanical slaves working for every family of five.

In the United States there are over 200,000 miles of railroad with the heaviest engines, largest freight trains, the fastest short and long distance trains in the world. American locomotives took the first train across Siberia. They are operated on the Cape to Cairo railroad, the great midland express in England. In every civilized country in the world.

An idea of the industry generated by this agency may be gained from the fact that the flour exported in 1899, if the barrels were placed side by side, would make a pontoon bridge from New York to Liverpool and half way back. The iron ore produced if loaded in two-ton loads, ten teams abreast would make a procession of loaded wagons across the broadest part of our continent.

2. American machine tools and labor saving devices. American tools were a revelation to the mechanical world at the recent Glasgow exposition. An electric device, in a factory at Richmond, Vermont, typical of thousands of American devices, cuts 192 thickness of cloth at once.

3. American organization and executive methods. Kenrie Murray, secretary of London chamber of commerce says: "American progress may be attributed wholly to organization, system and hard work."

Some other bulwarks of national strength mentioned were a stable finance, death of sectional feeling brought about by Spanish-American war and the death of McKinley.

The period of reconstruction passed our institutions are stable.

Blessed is the nation whose God is Lord. We stand on the threshold of a new era. For commercial supremacy let us thank God, but to whom much is given of them shall much be required. Some things God expects of us in the years before us.

1. In material things, a recovery of our maritime supremacy.

2. In national affairs, a new diplomacy and statescraft coupled with abler statesmen who shall be the compatriots of the men of yesterday, Adams, Jefferson, Webster and Sumner. The rights and duties of civilized nations to our semi-civilized

or uncivilized races must be determined. 3. Capacity to create demands, also capacity to enjoy.

4. America must cultivate in art, music and literature that which will help express the noblest and loftiest ideals of the greatest nation the world has known and not be dependent upon ideals and masterpieces of other lands to express its noblest thoughts and emotions.

5. Revivify and enkindle in all hearts a love and reverence for a personal God. Material prosperity and education. No safe guard against crime. Moral streams must be kept pure. To counteract selfishness and greed of a materialistic age and the degeneracy which attends affluence and prosperity religion is an absolute essential to national perpetuity.

A Narrow Escape.

Elmer E. Smith of Detroit, son of Mrs. Helen Smith of this place, and well-known to Standard readers, was painfully but not seriously injured in the Wabash wreck last week. He was a passenger on No. 4, returning from Fort Wayne to Detroit. His ankle was badly injured and he was bruised about the body as a result of the collision. He lost his hat and overcoat, as well as his grip. His seat companion was killed, as were also a number in the same car. It was a narrow escape.

Regarding Six Eagles Mine.

Six Eagles Camp, Wash., October 27, 1901.

A. B. Lee, Wooster, Ohio.
Dear Mr. Lee:—Mr. Hagerty has been out for a week and may be out two weeks longer, and I am running the camp. Everything is going along fine. The day you left, the shots that were put in at the bottom of the shaft opened up the best ore that has ever been turned out, and the foreman and miners say that this is now by far the richest vein that ever showed up in the district, and that Marcus Daly at the Anaconda Mines in Montana did not have as good a showing when he was no further along than we are.

It continues to be good and is evidencing by degrees. There is not the slightest danger of a fault and we surely are on a true fissure vein. I was at the bottom of the shaft on Friday and it made my soul good to see it. Now you will recollect that when the ore comes up quite a lot is broken up and when the water is dumped it carries quite a lot of fine stuff with it, and, as you know, runs off in that little sage alongside of the dump. The foreman called me out to see it. The sun was shining on it and it was a sight to behold. It was simply full of copper concentrates. It is too confounded bad that we cannot utilize that now, but we are all going to make it and make it big. I send you by registered mail, with this a sample piece that was shot out on Friday. It is full of copper, as you can see, and the foreman says the dark streaks are copper sulphides, and when exposed to the weather for some time turns green. The foreman also says this betters it, and the quicker the tunnel is driven the better.

"Report of James Wilson, foreman, for the week ending Oct. 26th, on the Six Eagles Shaft: There has been 14 feet of sinking done on the shaft and 4 feet of drift work in the shaft-drift, 8 men working. The ledge in the shaft varies from 30 inches to 3 feet 6 inches; also gaining in value all the time as the work progresses. The ledge in the cross cut is about 30 inches where the work is being done. The ore taken out last is the finest and carries more values than any that has as yet been found in the district. The size of the shaft, clear of the sinkers is 7x5 feet."

John McDonald was over yesterday from Orrville and stayed all night with us and left this morning. You ought to have seen his eyes hang out when he saw the results of the last work. He was the best pleased man in the country this morning when he left. So now with very best regards to yourself and all the gentlemen that were here, I remain Very truly yours, Robert Frost, Treas.

To purchasers of this Six Eagles stock, we would advise you to purchase stock without delay, as the amount apportioned at the present price of 25 cents is nearly sold, and the next block will be held at not less than 50 cents.

In all of our information given to the public we have tried in no way to misrepresent, and this is our advice to you if you wish first-class stock at low price buy this now.

All stocks of the Six Eagles Mining Co., are fully paid and non-assessable, as the laws of the state of Washington will not allow any company to do business on any other basis in that state.

SIX EAGLES MINING CO.

Care of J. S. McIntosh, Chelsea, Mich.

Or a postal card to lock box G, and the Chelsea representative of the company will be pleased to call and give you all the information possible.

WHAT WE ARE HAMMERING AT IS THIS

We want to drive it into your memory that we carry the most complete line of Sterling Silver of any firm in Chelsea, consisting of Souvenir Spoons, Bon Bon Scoops, Olive Forks, Olive Spoons, Berry Forks, Pickle Forks, Sugar Shells, Butter Knives, Match Safes and other articles too numerous to mention; at prices that should interest you.

Remember we make no extra charge for engraving silverware purchased of us.

JUST A WORD

about our line of Fancy Decorated China, everybody tells us it is the prettiest they have ever seen. Come in and satisfy yourself.

Beautiful Celery Dishes, Fancy Brush and Crumb Trays, Hand Decorated Plates, Cups and Saucers, Fancy Clocks, Ferneries, etc., etc.

Our endeavor this year is to surpass all previous preparations for the Holidays.

Yours for something new,

Fenn & Vogel.

Chelsea 'phone 53.

We pay the highest market price for eggs.

All Styles and Sizes for Every Kind of Fuel. The Genuine all bear this Trade-Mark. Beware of imitations.



Steel Ranges

at low Prices. Also

FURNITURE

bargains for December.

W. J. KNAPP.



EVENLY DIVIDED.

Purchasers of our meats get full value. We get a fair profit and increased trade. Reasonable prices and

MEATS OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY

are the cause of this mutual satisfaction. Our efforts are directed towards the pleasing of our customers. Serving them with delicious, tender and toothsome meats is our successful way of doing it.

We have on hand a large quantity of strictly pure bottle rendered lard of our rendering and can supply you with all you want at the right price.

ADAM EPPLER.

A NEW HAT FOR THE HOLIDAYS?



If you buy a Derby, Soft Felt Hat or Cap of us, you will have the newest shape designed by the most exclusive New York hatters; but we don't charge extra for our name—you will, therefore, save from 50 cents to \$2.00 on each purchase, according to the grade.

It is time you bought your own and your boy's winter suits and overcoats and at the prices we name, there is no excuse for longer delay.

Men's and Young Men's Swell Overcoats

made up from warmest and most durable fabrics. \$10 to \$20.

Men's and Young Men's Fashionable Suits

made up from fine staple and beautiful fancy fabrics; they will fit you perfectly, \$10 to \$20.

Among the suits and overcoats that always give perfect satisfaction are those made by Michaels, Stern & Co., of Rochester.

Handsome Durable Short Trousers Suits and Overcoats for the little, 8 to 16 years old, \$3 to \$7.50.

Beautiful Juvenile Suit and Overcoats for boys 8 to 10 years old, \$2.50 to \$5.

You will always find here, the latest creations in Neckwear, Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery, etc., at the lowest possible prices.

A splendid assortment especially selected for the Holiday trade; useful and beautiful gifts.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

LOST SCHOOL AND HOME

Typhoon Struck Philippines Teacher's Buildings.

Word has been received from Henry Everett, son of Mrs. F. Everett, who is teaching in the Philippines, that a typhoon recently struck his town and leveled 350 buildings, among which were his school and his residence. He happened to be neither at home nor in school, so escaped injury, but he was obliged to go back to Manila to get material for a new house and school building, and assume the role of carpenter.

Holland Doing Fine Grading.

Argus: The Holland line has done considerable grading near the Ann Arbor city limits. A good sample of their work can be seen from near the corner of Miller avenue and Seventh street. The roadbed here comes down through the valley across lots from the Dexter road with a beautiful long curve, with the hill which stood in the way cut down twenty-two feet. It indicates that the road grades are being constructed with the same care exercised by steam roads.

The deeds for private rights of way along the line of the Holland road are still being recorded at the register of deed's office. Some of these deeds are for private rights of way in the fifth ward.

School Report.

Report of school in district No. 4, Sylvan, for the month of November: Attending every day, Ruth Phelps, Helen and Lynn Kern, Willie Hailey, Glessner Whitaker, Albert Fahrner, Fred Knoll, George Burgess. Standing 95, George Hailey, Linda Kalmbach, Glessner Whitaker, Joseph Knoll, Nora Forner, Oscar Kalmbach, Irving Wolf, Fred Knoll; 90, Henry Forner, Helen Kern, Harrison West, Bertha Young, Allie Guthrie; 85, Inez Ward, Lawrence Heeselschwerdt, Lida Guthrie, Fern Kalmbach, Willie Hailey, Lynn Kern; 80, Myrtle Wolf, Linda Kalmbach, Henry and Albert Forner have not missed a word in spelling during the month, Nora Forner, Inez Ward, Willie Hailey, Irving Wolf missing but one. Albert Fahrner spelled the fifth grade down. Mrs. L. A. Stephens, teacher.

The Chelsea Standard.

O. T. Hoover, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

30 KILLED AND 18 INJURED.

Boiler Explosion at the Penberthy Injector Plant at Detroit.

LOSS OF LIFE, WRECK AND RUIN

Many Thrilling Scenes of Heroism Among the Rescuers—Many Matters of Minor Happenings Throughout Our Great State.

A Detroit Horror.

The most frightful explosion since the Journal building catastrophe occurred in Detroit Tuesday morning, when the boiler of the Penberthy injector Co., at Brooklyn avenue and Abbott street, exploded. There were 150 men, girls and boys employed in the plant, and of these 50 to 60 were buried in the debris. The building in which the boiler was located adjoins the main building on the north, having been some few feet from it. It was a three-story brick affair and about 60x100 feet in size. The walls collapsed, falling in and imprisoning the workmen under the floors and roof, escape being impossible for those who were luckless enough to be employed in this part of the plant. Some who had fallen near the edge got out, badly scratched and burned. The rescue work was difficult owing to the immense amount of bricks, timbers and machinery piled on the victims.

The fire had not been burning long when Porter street was given up to a procession of the dead and dying. All kinds of vehicles were pressed into service, and the wounded were carried on express wagons and anything which could be turned into a temporary ambulance. The regular ambulances were there and went away loaded. All of the doctors in the vicinity turned out and ministered to the wounded, who were taken into neighboring houses and nursed by gentle housewives until the arrival of the doctor.

MINOR MICHIGAN MATTERS.

Michigan has four cases of smallpox. Oswego is assured of a best sugar factory now.

Port Huron has hopes of a glass factory to employ 200 to 300 men.

Congress is expected to appropriate \$750,000 for widening the Soo ship canal.

Beets that have tested 21 per cent of sugar have been raised by farmers in the vicinity of St. Louis.

John Wetzroth, a white farmer of Milburg, has married his colored housekeeper, Marion L. Cosby.

James Tate was killed at Muskegon Sunday by the bursting of a fly wheel at the Central Paper Co's plant.

In a drunken row at Three Oaks Saturday night, Henry Lowe was seriously injured and Wm. Kluge is under arrest.

Ann Arbor has an assessed valuation of \$320,400 per capita. Outside of Detroit, no other Michigan city equaled this.

The Valley Sugar company has commenced the work of building its immense sugar plant at Carrollton, near Bay City.

Gov. Bliss had his cow driven overland from Southway to Lansing when he recently moved back to the capital for the winter.

There was an outbreak of the Cuban itch at the college at Lansing last week, and four of the boys have gone home to scratch.

Lansing county boasts that there are only two inmates in the county jail and they are serving out a four-months' sentence.

James Tate, assistant engineer of the Central Paper Co. of Muskegon, was killed Sunday morning by the bursting of a fly wheel.

Wreckage from the Baltimore, which foundered off Tawas last spring, has commenced to come ashore at Wenona Beach again.

Barber's inch disfigures the faces of a dozen prominent young Petoskey men, having spread quickly and thoroughly within a few days.

The skeleton of the man dug up in the sand beach at St. Joseph has been discovered to be that of a smallpox patient buried 15 years ago.

The notice of a heavy raise in the rates for telephones in Detroit, with a new company about ready to serve patrons excites some suspicious and users are mad.

Secretary Smith, of the Michigan Pan-American commission, says the commission will be able to turn into the state treasury about \$11,000 after all claims are paid.

A dozen cases of diphtheria are closely quarantined in the manufacturing suburb of Petoskey, several young children having died before the disease was correctly diagnosed.

The steamer Soo City has been making double runs from Benton Harbor on account of the big shipment of beet sugar, that being a transfer point from the Pere Marquette.

At about 11 o'clock Sunday night the village of Brookfield, 10 miles south and east of Charlotte, was visited by a fire which practically wiped out the business interests of the town.

The Stark Dredge and Dock company have completed their \$80,000 contract for dredging the harbor at St. Joseph, and the deepest draft boats on the lakes can now dock in it.

Burglars entered the Coral postoffice Sunday night, blew open the safe and took money and stamps to the amount of about \$300. Jacob Oberig's blacksmith shop was also broken open.

The annual report of the University Homeopathic hospital at Ann Arbor shows that 1,612 patients were treated there during the past year.

Alderman W. E. Washburn, of Owosso, has made a public offer to lease, free of charge, 100 acres of land in parcels of from one to 10 acres to any one who will grow sugar beets.

The Battle Creek Sanitarium is not satisfied with its verdict whereby the taxes on its real estate were remitted and will appeal for the sake of getting out of its personal taxes also.

A. H. Stevenson, an Argyle harness-maker, was found dead in his buggy near Deckerville. His head had been wedged in between the buggy and the wheel, and foul play is hinted at.

Congressman S. W. Smith says that he will introduce a bill in the next congress providing for a federal building in every city having a population of from 10,000 to 20,000, to cost between \$40,000 and \$50,000.

Governor Bliss will go to Washington December 9 alone. His principal business will be in connection with the claims Michigan has against Uncle Sam on account of the Spanish war. These claims amount to \$83,000.

A Niles policeman named Uley has published in a local paper a challenge to F. W. Cook, editor of another paper, to fight a duel to the death, the weapons to be revolvers of .38 calibre, and the distance 10 paces. "Sdeath! Belud!"

Joseph Anderson, of Chicago, arrived in St. Joseph Sunday morning. His mission was to meet and wed Miss Amanda Johnson, of Evansville, Ind., but he failed to find his would-be bride, and returned to Chicago broken-hearted.

On account of irregularities in the census lists from Mackinaw, St. Ignace and Bois Blanc, the superintendent of public instruction has withheld the primary school money from Mackinac county and ordered new census lists made.

A Michigan Central train ran down a horse about four miles east of Kalamazoo and literally ground it in pieces. The bones were all broken up and the train crew was obliged to chop part of the carcass out from under the engine with an ax before the train could proceed.

While attending a bazaar in Chicago Saturday night, Champaign Kenney, of Olivet, Mich., dropped to the floor and expired in a few moments. The death of the man created a panic among the attendants and caused the closing of the bazaar for the evening.

As the colder season comes on smallpox is making its appearance, and gradually invading various sections of the upper peninsula. In several counties cases have come to light, and despite the precautions taken by the health officials, the disease is steadily branching out.

A woman now figures in the mystery of the absence of Banker Terwilliger, of Montague, it being alleged that Miss Winnie Schneider, whose parents operate the Terwilliger fruit farm in Oceana county, about fifteen miles north of Montague, has gone to meet the missing banker.

The United States fish commission at Northville has thus far this season secured 4,000,000 of trout eggs, and will get about 8,000,000 more before the spawning season is over. At the Detroit station 50,000,000 white fish eggs have already been taken, and when the season for white fish eggs is over the total number will be between 200,000,000 and 300,000,000.

One hunter in the upper peninsula wore a white night shirt over his clothing while deer hunting recently as a precaution against being taken for a deer. He hadn't been out in the woods half an hour when a bullet cut the twigs within a few inches of his head. He yelled, and the man who fired the shot rushed up to him, exclaiming: "Dern it, I thought you were one of them 'ere white deer I've read about."

News in Brief.

Louis Granotti, the accomplice of Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert of Italy, is said to be in Chicago. He is under a sentence of life imprisonment.

Jonestown, Miss., was practically destroyed by fire on Monday. Fourteen stores and six residences were burned. The total loss will be about \$75,000.

Information has been received at Cincinnati that Judge William H. Taft, civil governor of the Philippines, is coming home on an indefinite leave of absence.

Osborn Diegan, who accompanied Hobson on the Merrimac at Santiago is in Ukiah hospital on account of a nervous breakdown. His mental condition is perfect.

Three masked men entered "The Mint," a gaming resort at Chickasha, T. S. Sunday, ordered all present to hold up their hands and carried off \$700 in currency.

While in a drunken frenzy Joseph Flory, of St. Louis, Mo., stabbed his wife to death and then killed himself. Their 10-year-old son was the only witness of the tragedy.

Herr Wolf, German nationalist member of the lower house of the Austrian reichsrath, who has been so prominent in riotous scenes in the house, has resigned his seat.

A comet was visible at Chicago Thursday night in the southern sky, about 10 degrees southeast from the zenith. It was pointed directly upward and apparently going from the earth.

A fire supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion, destroyed the main building of the Bradley Fertilizer works at North Weymouth, Mass., on Monday. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

A woman threw a lighted match into a can of gasoline in the Tabernacle at Wellington, Kas., where 1,000 people were attending a religious revival Thursday night. Flames shot up and the panic-stricken congregation stampeded for the door. Many persons were injured but none seriously.

A merchant named Wittenberg has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment at Camerons, West Africa, for impaling a negro on a funeral. A merchant named Kelenich was sentenced to three years for placing petrol on a negro's hand and setting it on fire.

WRECKS AND AWFUL SCENES

TWO WABASH TRAINS COLLIDE NEAR SENECA CAUSING A TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE.

MANY CREMATED UNDER BURNING CARS.

It is Stated that About One Hundred People, Mostly Italians, were Burned to Death in the Wrecks After the Collision—Engineer Strong Blamed for the Accident—Was Ordered to Stop at Seneca Siding but Disobeyed.

The wreck on the Wabash main line, just east of Seneca at 6:45 Wednesday evening, ranks as the most frightful in the history of Michigan railroads, and arose from negligence or misinterpreting orders by which train No. 13 from Detroit and No. 4 from Chicago collided. The scene of the wreck beggars description, so horrible are the details. No. 13, which was pulled by two engines, had several cars loaded with Italian immigrants, some of whom were crushed and killed, others mangled and then burned as the wreck took fire. Those who escaped death and injury saw the horrible sight of these unfortunates being burned to ashes without being able to render assistance. The trains were running at least 50 miles an hour. The shock was terrific, telescoping every car of No. 13, the cars immediately behind the engine being so badly smashed that three of them occupied a space little more than eight feet in length.

After the first shock of the collision there was a moment's silence, followed by the shrieks of the wounded, who numbered over 100.

Fire broke out immediately and the scene of the wreck became as bright as day. Farmers for miles around were attracted to the scene to aid in the work of rescue.

Inside the immigrant car men were fighting each other to get out and away from the flames, which made rapid progress, no means being at hand to combat the fire.

No. 4 train was also telescoped, but the loss of life was chiefly confined to one day car, an accommodation car which followed the engine, standing the main shock without giving way. In the day car, which followed, were about 50 first-class passengers. Of these there are probably 30 killed. This car also caught fire and burned.

When the fire broke out in the immigrant cars the screams of agony were appalling, and before any rescues could be made the flames had grown so fierce that no one could get near the wreck and strong men had to

stop their ears and turn their faces away from the horrible scene, knowing that they were powerless to do a thing. The fire simply had to burn itself out until nothing was left of these human cars but the wheels and other metal parts.

Thursday morning after the fire died out the horrors of the scene were sickening. Bodies charred until they resembled logs left after a forest fire, were lying about on all sides. People stumbled over corpses while they were rushing frantically about trying to aid others or seeking aid for themselves. Some blankets were secured from neighboring farm houses to cover a few of these frightful objects from sight, but other bodies lay strewn along the track like cast-away railroad ties.

Three trains from Detroit brought to the scene more than a score of doctors with railroad employes to work upon the wreckage and attempt to relieve the suffering. Hundreds of people from the country side and neighboring towns flocked thither to offer assistance in their humble way and opened their homes for the reception of bodies of the dead and writhing forms of the living.

The Wabash railroad made every effort to get trains to the scene from all directions in order to transport the injured quickly to the nearest hospitals. Parties of injured were taken to Adrian, Peru, Ind.; Alfordon and Montpelier, O., and some of the slightly injured to Detroit.

The loss of life may never be fully known unless the ticket collector or his record is found. Of the Italians, 40 and possibly 60 were killed—half of them, at least, being burned like hogs in a pen. The smell from the burning heap was a horrible stench, that nearly suffocated those who went near the fire or to the windward of it.

The injured will number 80 or more. Supt. Burns claims that Engineer Strong, of No. 4, is responsible, but Strong denies it, saying his orders were to pass No. 13 at Sand Lake and not at Seneca, as the train dispatcher's orders show.

An Ohio Horror.

Three miles north of Beverly, Washington county, Robert Wilkin, a prosperous farmer, spent Sunday drinking hard cider. His little son came into the house and was seized by the drunken man, who beat him terribly with a board. The wife and mother protested at such treatment and Wilkin threatened to kill her if she did not go away and keep quiet. With a rush the mother caught her little one in her arms and started for the home of her father, Jacob Stokes, who lived but a short distance down the road. Wilkin caught up a gun and followed the fleeing woman, shooting after her as she ran. Mr. and Mrs. Stokes heard the noise and came out to the front porch to see what the trouble was. Wilkin saw them, and pointing the gun at them fired. The charge struck Mr. Stokes in the side of the head and he staggered to the side of the porch. Mrs. Stokes was shot in the face and her nose and ears were shot off. Stokes managed to stagger through the door, close and lock it. Wilkin then shot the lock off and rushed into the house, screaming like a madman. He was met by an 18-year-old son of Stokes and aimed his gun at the lad with murderous intent. Young Stokes secured a gun from another room and fired the charge into Wilkin's head, blowing out his brains and killing him instantly.

Hogs Have Smallpox.

The inspector in charge of the United States bureau of animal industry at the East Buffalo, N. Y., stock yards, discovered what he believes to be an outbreak of smallpox among a consignment of hogs. The animals were received from St. Louis, and they passed the first inspection. After they had been slaughtered Dr. Zink, in making microscopic examination, discovered what he believed to be evidence of smallpox. "If the disease develops in animals in the same way as it does in human beings I should unhesitatingly call it smallpox," said Dr. Wendt. "These tissues bear all the characteristic marks of the disease. They are evidently of a contagious nature. The pittings and destrain of tissues are apparent as well as the characteristic smallpox pustules."

William Boissman, an insane man, smashed plate glass windows in the business portion of Eaton, O., during an insane frenzy. Loss, \$5,000.

The crown prince and princess of Romania have agreed on a divorce and the crown prince intends to renounce succession to the throne.

The ferry boats Sausalito and San Rafael collided in San Francisco bay Saturday night in a dense fog and the latter sank in 15 minutes. As far as known W. G. Crandall, secretary of the Long Syrup Works, George Tredway, a waiter, and a 3-year-old son of Mrs. Waller, of Ross Valley, were drowned, and 29 other persons were more or less injured. There were 200 persons on board the San Rafael.

Another movement for the pardon of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, the American woman, who is serving a life sentence in an English prison for the murder of her husband, has been started.

The Bonine Trial.

The prosecution in the Bonine trial rested Saturday afternoon, and Attorney Kenne outlined the position of the defense, from which it is evident that a number of witnesses who have already testified will be recalled. He laid stress on the fact that no motive could have inspired Mrs. Bonine to kill Ayres, that nothing improper had been shown in their relations, and that reputable physicians would testify that the wounds received by Ayres could have been inflicted as stated by Mrs. Bonine in her confession. The defense will also assail the dead man's habits, claiming that he had been fast growing intemperate, and that he was a member of a drunken party on the night of May 14, shortly before he met his death. The ownership of the pistol will be made a strong point, as the defense will endeavor to prove, at least by inference, that it belonged to Ayres. Attorney Kenne asserted that it would be shown that Ayres showed the same identical revolver to a man last December, that in February he loaned a loaded pistol similar to it, and that a few days before his death he procured some oil with which to clean a revolver.

The Brooklyn Explosion.

The boiler room and Masonic hall in Brooklyn present a scene of wreck and ruin as a result of the boiler explosion in the electric light plant Monday afternoon. The big iron cylinder, weighing tons, was hurled over 100 feet outward and upward, striking the second story of the Masonic hall and bursting in the wall and roof as though it had been hit by one of the battering rams of ancient warfare. Down stairs in this building a number of women and children were trimming the stage in the hall under the lodge room, and when the 60-horse power boiler struck the building and plaster came raining down upon them they fled, shrieking. None of them was injured.

George Pullman Dead.

George M. Pullman, son of the late millionaire car builder, died at his country home at San Mateo, Cal., Thursday morning, aged 26 years. He had been ill for several days with pneumonia, but until Tuesday his condition was not considered serious. Early Thursday morning he was attacked with a hemorrhage and within a few minutes passed away. The body will be taken to Chicago for interment. Mr. Pullman was married for the second time a few weeks ago at Reno, Nev., to Mrs. Brazell. His first wife secured a divorce from him a few months ago.

Father Crowley Retracts.

Announcement is made by Thomas A. Moran, attorney for Rev. Archbishop Feehan, that the sentence of excommunication which was pronounced against Fr. Jeremiah J. Crowley would be recalled within a few days. This is expected to put an end to the case against the deposed priest and the injunction proceedings begun against him to prevent his worship in the cathedral of the Holy Name will be withdrawn.

Illinois fund for McKinley memorial now amounts to \$6,342.

CONGRESS.

First Session of the New Congress. The opening of the first session of the fifty-seventh congress at noon Monday drew to the capitol a great throng of spectators. Although the actual work of the two houses was not to begin until 12 o'clock the historic old structure—now refurbished from end to end until it shone with marble, gilt and rich decorations—was as air long before that hour.

The senate was called to order by President Pro Tem. William P. Frye of Maine.

After the usual resolutions and the appointment of a committee to notify the president that the senate was in session, a recess of 30 minutes was taken, and then a further recess until 2 o'clock to await the organization of the house and the appointment of its committee to wait upon the president. Senators Hale of Maine and Morgan of Alabama were appointed as the senate committee.

At 2 o'clock the senate reassembled. Mr. Gamble announced the death of the late Senator Kyle and the senate adjourned.

Alexander McDowell, of Pennsylvania, called the new house of representatives to order at noon.

At the conclusion of the roll call, showing 318 members present, Mr. Cannon, Ill., nominated David B. Henderson, of Iowa, and Mr. Kay, Va., nominated Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, for speaker. The vote resulted: Henderson, 190; Richardson, 140; Stark, Neb., 1; Cummings, N. Y., 1.

Mr. Henderson was declared elected and was escorted to the chair by the other three men voted for. Mr. Henderson thanked the house for its expression of confidence and asked the support of all the members. The oath was then administered to him by Rep. Blighau, of Pennsylvania, "the father of the house," and by the speaker, in turn, administered to the members-elect.

The Millions Asked For.

The secretary of the treasury transmitted to congress the estimates of appropriations required for the government service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, as furnished by the heads of the several executive departments. The total appropriations asked for are \$610,827,688. A recapitulation by titles and comparisons with the appropriations for the year 1902 shows as follows:

	N	Estimates for 1903.
Legislative establishment		\$ 4,859,636
Executive establishment		25,457,816
Judicial establishment		2,457,520
Foreign intercourse		2,688,578
Military establishment		99,849,436
Naval establishment		71,371,459
Indian affairs		7,124,271
Pensions		138,846,480
Public works		38,063,865
Postal service		2,710,940
Miscellaneous		46,024,918
Permanent annual appropriations		121,921,220
Grand total		\$610,827,688
		Appropriation for 1902.
Legislative establishment		\$ 5,134,904
Executive establishment		20,361,545
Judicial establishment		2,264,071
Foreign intercourse		2,684,747
Military establishment		116,728,655
Naval establishment		71,371,459
Indian affairs		10,356,284
Pensions		141,260,550
Public works		38,978,879
Postal service		3,226
Miscellaneous		68,077,332
Permanent annual appropriations		127,231,230
Grand total		\$566,396,877

Mrs. McKinley's Sorrow.

It is said that life is a void to Mrs. McKinley. She expressed to Dr. Manchester the pastor and long friend of the McKinnleys, shortly after the president's funeral, a desire to die and join her husband. This desire is still present. She talks but little to her friends, but sits at home weeping, as she thinks of him who was for many years her stay and comfort. Her loss is only felt and unexpressed. In former years Mrs. McKinley loved music and frequently called on her friends to furnish it. She also delighted in little family social functions and entertainments furnished by her friends. These desires have vanished. She lives not for pleasures. To her life has become but an empty dream. How long she will survive, of course, no one knows, but Cantonians who know her and her surroundings best, cannot but think that the soothsayer who said she would not live more than one year after her husband's death was probably right.

Louisville's Treasurer Suicides.

After being offered an evening newspaper which said his books were under examination by expert accountants, Stuart R. Young, city treasurer of Louisville, went to the rear of a warehouse at Sixth and Nelson streets, and committed suicide by shooting himself behind the right ear with a pistol. Stuart R. Young was 35 years old and one of the most prominent men in Louisville. He was a graduate of Princeton university, a son of Col. Bennett H. Young, a prominent lawyer. He married last July Miss Bessie Wymond, one of the most beautiful women in Kentucky, and daughter of L. H. Wymond.

It Stunned Them.

The capture of Colon is admitted to be almost a death blow to the liberal cause in Colombia. There is no doubt that guerrilla warfare will be resumed in the mountains, but stronger forces and better organization are considered essential requisites for the liberals if they intend to resume the struggle seriously. From Panama comes the news that the surrender of Colon to the government struck the liberals like a thunderbolt and that they are still unable to realize the fact that the city is again in the hands of the federal authorities.

Congressional Caucuses.

The caucuses of the Republican and Democratic members of congress were held on Saturday. The old officers, with Henderson for speaker, will be elected by the Republicans, who considered no question of policy. The Democrats will vote for Richardson for speaker. The question of policy developed a lively tilt by an attempt to work in a money issue. It was decided not to solicit patronage from the administration.

The socialist petition in Germany against the tariff bill has received nearly 2,500,000 signatures.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. It artificially digests the food and aids nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestive and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gas, Colic, Cramps, and all the results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Glaxier & Simmons.

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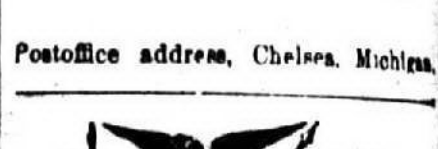
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DETROIT. Rates, \$2, \$2.50, \$3 per Day. One Grand Room a Specialty.

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Take the genuine, original ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA. Made only by Madison Tea Co., Madison, Wis. Keep your eyes well. Our tea is pure, strong, and healthy. Price, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Accept no substitutes. Ask your druggist.

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Standard Office

FINE If you are in need of Printing of any kind call at the Standard Office. Printing House, Chelsea, Mich. We have a full line of Stationery, Letter Heads, Business Cards, Wedding Stationery, Invitations, Programs, etc. etc. etc. Also a full line of Japanese Napkins. Price, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Accept no substitutes. Ask your druggist.

Geo. H. Foster.

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Satisfaction Guaranteed. Terms Reasonable.

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GOVERNMENTAL PROBLEMS
Dwelt On at Length in
the Document.

THE MERITS OF RECIPROCITY.

President Defends the Workings of the
Protective Tariff—Construction of the
Nicaraguan Canal Urged, and the Lay-
ing of a Cable to Hawaii and the
Philippines—Changes in the Present
Militia Laws Recommended—The Navy.

A comprehensive synopsis of President
Roosevelt's message to Congress is given below:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

At the close of the year 1901, the
President of the United States has the
honor to submit to you a report on the
condition of the country.

Of the last seven elected Presidents, he
is the third who has been murdered, and
the last of a line of Presidents who
have been assassinated.

Moreover, the circumstances of this
tragic assassination of an American Pres-
ident, have a peculiarly sinister significance.

Such President Lincoln, President Garfield
and President McKinley were all assassinated
by the same class of criminals.

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labor will generally be both unwise and in-
equitable unless undertaken after a full in-
quiry into the conditions of the industry
concerned. Much of the trouble of the
business community has been due to the
excessive and unwise tariff. It is not
unreasonable to expect that the tariff
will be revised in such a way as to be
beneficial to the country. A practical
reform of the tariff is one of the most
important of the duties of the President.

Government Supervision.

"It is no limitation upon private rights
of freedom of contract to require that when
the government is engaged in the business
of doing business under contract, it shall
be subject to the same rules of law as the
private citizen. It is the duty of the
government to protect the public interest
and to prevent the abuse of its power.

Publicity Remedy for Trusts.

"The first essential in determining how to
deal with the great industrial combinations
is knowledge of the facts—publicity. In the
past, the public, the government and the
courts have been in the dark as to the
workings of the great corporations engaged
in interstate business. Publicity is the only
sure remedy which we can now invoke.

Our Merchant Marine.

"The condition of the American merchant
marine is such as to call for immediate
remedial action by the Congress. It is dis-
creditable to us as a Nation that our mer-
chant marine should be so inferior to that
of other nations. It is our duty to re-
store to our shipping the position which it
once held as one of the great industries
of the Nation.

Reduction of Revenues.

"The collections from duties on imports and
internal taxes continue to exceed the ordi-
nary expenditures. The utmost care should
be taken not to reduce the revenue. It is
our duty to maintain the integrity of the
National Treasury and to prevent the waste
of public funds.

Restriction on Immigration.

"With the sole exception of the farming
industry, no other industry in the United
States is so dependent upon the labor of
foreigners as the manufacturing industry.
It is our duty to protect the interests of
the American laborer and to prevent the
importation of cheap labor.

Regulation of Railroads.

"In 1887 a measure was enacted for the
regulation of the interstate commerce act.
The cardinal provisions of that act were
that the railroads should be subject to
the same rules of law as the private citi-
zen. It is our duty to maintain the in-
tegrity of the National Treasury and to
prevent the waste of public funds.

The Trust Problem.

"The tremendous and highly complex
industrial development which went on with
unprecedented rapidity during the last
quarter of the nineteenth century has
brought us to the beginning of the twen-
tieth century with very serious social prob-
lems. The old laws and the old customs
which have almost the binding force of
law, are no longer sufficient to govern
the new conditions of life.

Caution is Urged.

"An additional reason for caution in deal-
ing with corporations is to be found in the
international conditions of the world to-
day. The same business conditions which
have produced the great aggregations of
corporate and individual wealth have
also produced the same conditions of
international competition. It is our duty
to maintain the integrity of the National
Treasury and to prevent the waste of
public funds.

Question of Reciprocity.

"There is general acquiescence in our pres-
ent tariff as a national policy. The tariff
is the basis of our prosperity. It is our
duty to maintain the integrity of the
National Treasury and to prevent the waste
of public funds.

Our Attitude in Cuba.

"In Cuba this progress has been made to-
ward putting the independent government of
the island upon a firm basis that before the
present session of the Congress closes the
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The Philippine Problem.

"In the Philippines our problem is larger.
They are very rich tropical islands, in-
habited by many different tribes, represent-
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Our Present Naval Force.

"We now have seventeen battleships ap-
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Need for Powerful Navy.

"The American people must either build
and maintain an adequate navy or else
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Militia Laws Obsolete.

"Action should be taken in reference to the
militia and to the raising of volunteer forces.
Our militia law is obsolete and worthless.
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Relief of Veterans.

"No other class deserves so well of the
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White House, December 8, 1901.

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their products to the markets of the United
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Progress in Cuba.

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Merit System Endorsed.

"The merit system of making appointments
is in its essence as democratic and Ameri-
can as the common schools system. It is
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Treatment of Indians.

"The message points out the defects in our
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trial or political cause. We do not wish to
use any old world military power grown up
in the days of the great wars of the
Republic. We want a military power which
is a military power, and not a political
power. It is our duty to maintain the in-
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Powerful Navy Urged.

"The work of upbuilding the navy must be
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of public funds.

Merit System Endorsed.

"The merit system of making appointments
is in its essence as democratic and Ameri-
can as the common schools system. It is
the only system of making appointments
where the duties are entirely non-political.
It is our duty to maintain the integrity
of the National Treasury and to prevent
the waste of public funds.

Treatment of Indians.

"The message points out the defects in our
present consular service, and recommends
the passage of bills now before Congress
which will increase its efficiency. Of the
Indian problem it says—

Our Attitude in Cuba.

"In Cuba this progress has been made to-
ward putting the independent government of
the island upon a firm basis that before the
present session of the Congress closes the
Cuban people will be able to govern them-
selves. It is our duty to maintain the in-
tegrity of the National Treasury and to
prevent the waste of public funds.

The Philippine Problem.

"In the Philippines our problem is larger.
They are very rich tropical islands, in-
habited by many different tribes, represent-
ing widely different stages of progress.
It is our duty to maintain the integrity
of the National Treasury and to prevent
the waste of public funds.

Our Present Naval Force.

"We now have seventeen battleships ap-
propriated for, of which nine are com-
pleted and have been commissioned for ac-
tual service. It is our duty to maintain
the integrity of the National Treasury and
to prevent the waste of public funds.

Need for Powerful Navy.

"The American people must either build
and maintain an adequate navy or else
surrender to the international affairs of
the world. It is our duty to maintain
the integrity of the National Treasury and
to prevent the waste of public funds.

Militia Laws Obsolete.

"Action should be taken in reference to the
militia and to the raising of volunteer forces.
Our militia law is obsolete and worthless.
It is our duty to maintain the integrity
of the National Treasury and to prevent
the waste of public funds.

Relief of Veterans.

"No other class deserves so well of the
Republic as the veterans, the survivors of
the great wars of the Nation. It is our
duty to maintain the integrity of the
National Treasury and to prevent the waste
of public funds.

White House, December 8, 1901.

MERRY CHRISTMAS!

The Bank Drug Store is once more beginning to take on its festive holiday air and to display its many attractions for Christmas buyers.

We are fully prepared to take the contract of supplying you with just what you want for Christmas. All through the fall we have been busy in selecting, buying, receiving and marking new goods in the holiday lines, both in novelties, especially popular at the present season, and in staple lines. These goods are now at your service. We have done everything in our power to secure all that was especially pleasing and attractive in the fall markets and we feel well prepared to offer you all that you will need in your Christmas shopping without the necessity of your going out of town.

POPULAR PRESENTS AT POPULAR PRICES

EBONY GOODS.

Continue to hold the leading place in popular favor. They possess the important qualities, for a present, of real value and excellence, which will not be destroyed by hard service.

Novelties in mahogany, rosewood, cherry and swamp oak, are appearing in connection with ebony, but the black goods are still leaders. Don't fail to see our line in toilet sets, gentlemen's militaries, hat brushes, clothes brushes, toilet novelties, mirrors, etc.

CELLULOID BOX GOODS.

Are as much in evidence as ever. The importations of 1901 from the German factories show many handsome patterns than ever before displayed. The many, varied color combinations, and the handsome decorations in pictures go to make up a most attractive line. We have many patterns in toilet sets, albums, collar and cuff boxes, work boxes, etc.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

Gives you new ideas. It is easy to select from; supplies exactly what you want; and does it AT PRICES THAT DELIGHT YOU. With the best of everything this new holiday season brings, we invite your patronage because YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO PASS US BY.

SILVER

For the wife or mother of the home no present is more suitable than one selected from silver goods, combining as they do, the useful and beautiful. We are showing a number of handsome patterns in tea sets, and large assortments in cake baskets, baking dishes, fruits, berries, salads, butters, pickles, etc.

Flat Ware continues to grow in favor. We can supply you with handsome patterns in berry spoons, meat forks, sugar shells, butter knives, gravy spoons, cream spoons, etc., etc. ASK FOR AURORA PLATE; it wears a life time.

GOLD NOVELTIES

Are one of the leading fads of the season. Their richness and exquisite daintiness make them one of the most beautiful presents possible to select. Our goods are all well plated and lacquered to prevent tarnishing. We are showing mirrors, toilet sets, child's toilet sets, toilet novelties, photo frames, pencils, etc. We wish especially to mention our line of gold clocks. In addition to our finer goods, we are offering a line at \$1.75 which is absolutely unrivaled in our experience.

JEWELRY

The top notch of elegance in Christmas presents is always held by jewelry. Our Watch department is especially full for the holidays and we are sure that you will buy from our line if you get our prices on standard movements and cases. Our stock of chains is also especially strong this season; you will be sure to find something you want in our soldered link, guaranteed goods. See our new rings, brooches, neck chains, charms, links, lockets, etc.

CHRISTMAS PIE

will be cut this season as usual at our store about a week before Christmas. We intend to make it bigger and better and jollier than ever before. WE PROPOSE TO GIVE EVERY CHILD under 12 years of age in town and for miles around A MERRY CHRISTMAS. It will be your fault if they don't have it.

THE BANK DRUG STORE.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 6 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter. Chelsea Phone No. 50. Don't be afraid to call us up.

PERSONAL

Elmer Winans spent Thanksgiving at Lansing.

Leon Kempf of Hillsdale spent Sunday at this place.

C. E. Babcock of Grass Lake spent Thursday last here.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Tuttle have returned from the east.

Fred Johnson of Ann Arbor visited Chelsea friends last week.

Mrs. F. D. Cummings has been spending this week at Charlotte.

Miss Jennie Geddes spent several days of last week at Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Lewis Winans is spending a few weeks in Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mrs. A. Congdon and daughter, Edith, spent Thanksgiving at Saline.

Miss Ida Webb was called to Saline by the severe illness of her father.

E. J. Foster and family of Grass Lake spent Thanksgiving at this place.

Miss Lettie Wackenhut of Wayne spent part of last week with her parents.

Germaine Foster of Grass Lake was the guest of Chelsea friends Thursday.

Mrs. Helen Martin of Ann Arbor was the guest of Mrs. E. Beach last week.

Emory Bird of Romulus spent several days of last week with relatives here.

J. S. McIntosh spent Sunday in Dexter, with his father, Rev. J. H. McIntosh.

Miss May Duthie of Ypsilanti was the guest of Mrs. Ella Johnson last week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Howe of Newton, N. J., are visiting Mrs. Mary Rockwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Taylor spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Taylor of Detroit.

Misses Minnie Steinhach and Ruth Cowan spent Thanksgiving at J. G. Wackenhut's.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Blach of Ann Arbor were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Wood Sunday.

John Wade, Jr., and Robert Donley of Battle Creek spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. John Wade of Lima. While here they bagged considerable game.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Geo. Webster have been entertaining Mr. Webster's parents from Florence, Ont.

Mrs. Agnes Raftery of Toledo spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wade of Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley of Union, Ont., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Turnbull the past week.

Miss Etta R. Dealy of Ecorse spent Thanksgiving with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Dealy of Lyndon.

The Misses Jennie Hume and Birdsall Lillbridge of Detroit spent Saturday and Sunday with F. McMillen and family.

Ransom Armstrong of Durand and Howard Armstrong of Ann Arbor were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Dancer last week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. McLaren, Dr. and Mrs. S. G. Bush, Misses Katherine Haarer and Mamie Drislane, and Messrs. F. C. Mapes and J. Kelly attended the Detroit opera house Thursday last.

FREEDOM.

George Schiller of Ann Arbor spent Sunday with his mother.

Miss Ella Reno of Jackson spent a few days of last week with her parents here.

Miss Esther Kuhl of Manchester spent Thanksgiving with her brother, Edwin Kuhl.

Mrs. John Grau and children and Mrs. Fred Breitenwisher were the guests of the former's parents in Lima last Tuesday.

Adolph Breitenwisher of Ann Arbor, who came home to spend Thanksgiving, returned Monday to resume his studies at the U. of M.

Members of St. Johns church met on Thanksgiving Day at the home of their pastor, Rev. J. B. Meister, and gave him pleasant surprise, donating a quantity of grain, vegetables and produce.

Puts gray matter in your head. Brings a rosy glow to faded cheeks. Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical happiness. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35c. Glazier & Stimson.

SYLVAN.

Mrs. Maryetta Ward is on the sick list.

Charles West is a Williamston visitor this week.

Mrs. Homer Boyd spent part of last week at Detroit.

John and Mary Merker spent Sunday with Mrs. Mandus Merker.

H. Beckwith spent Saturday and Sunday at Detroit.

Miss Ida Schable spent last week with relatives in Lima.

Wm. Larned and family have moved to near Monroe.

Mrs. Burleigh Whitaker spent part of last week with friends at Ann Arbor.

Mrs. H. C. Boyd and son Darwin spent Thursday with M. Boyd in Chelsea.

H. Hohenburger and family moved into the house recently vacated by Wm. Larned.

Mrs. M. B. Millsbaugh spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith at Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Gage of Carson City are visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Gage.

Henry Munsel and daughter, Mrs. Marion Draper of Iscoo visited Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Ward Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Beckwith, Mr. and Mrs. O. I. Cushman and children spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. James Beckwith.

About twenty-five of the relatives of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Dancer spent Thanksgiving with them. The guests from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. Charles Coy and son Athol of Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dancer of Ann Arbor, and Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Burkhardt of Chelsea.

If you would have an appetite like a bear and a relish for your meals take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They correct disorders of the stomach and regulate the liver and bowels. Price 25 cents. Samples free at all druggists.

FRANCISCO.

John Killmer is spending some time at Grass Lake.

Miss Nellie Schweinfurth of Jackson is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. John Miller and children are spending some time at Hastings.

Miss Minnie Killmer spent a few days of last week with Grass Lake friends.

Dr. Weidman of Bay City passed several days with Rev. and Mrs. L. S. Katterberry.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Horning, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Musbach and his sisters the Misses Martha and Fannie spent Thanksgiving at Root's Station.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Echard, who have been visiting their parents here for the past two months returned to their home in California Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Harr and daughter of Munith passed a few days with P. Riemenschneider and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Musbach returned home Thursday after spending three weeks in Barry county.

Mrs. John O'Donnel of Jackson has been spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Rowe.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Guthrie and daughter of Chelsea and Miss Ada Hanna of Leoni were the guests of C. Webber and family.

HOME AND CHILD

Does your horse "feel his oats"? What a difference between the grain-fed and the

grass-fed horse! The first strong and full of ginger, the second flabby, weak and tired before he begins. The feeding makes the difference.

Children are not alike either. One is rosy, bright-eyed, full of life and laughter, another is pale, weak and dull. The feeding again is responsible.

Sickly children need special feeding. They don't "feel their oats". Scott's Emulsion adds just the right richness to their diet. It is like grain to the horse. The child gets new appetite and strong digestion.

Scott's Emulsion is more than food. It is a strong medicine. It rouses up dull children, puts new flesh on thin ones and red blood into pale ones. It makes children grow.

Scott's Emulsion makes ordinary food do its duty.

This picture represents the Trade Mark of Scott's Emulsion and is on the wrapper of every bottle.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE,

409 Pearl St., New York.

50c and \$1. all druggists.

WATERLOO.

Emory Bird of Romulus visited relatives here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Orson Beeman spent Thanksgiving at South Lyon.

The concert Monday evening was well attended and enjoyed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bachman and daughter of Chelsea spent Thursday at the home of E. E. Rowe.

Geo. Beeman and family and Henry Lehman and family spent Thursday at the home of Joseph Waltz of Root's Station.

Susan.—The pimples, sores and blackheads are danger signals. Take Rocky Mountain Tea, you'll give a farewell reception to your troubles. 35c. Glazier & Stimson.

SHARON.

Mr. and Mrs. Haddy Ordway spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. R. Cook.

Mr. Merriman and daughter, Belle, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Lawrence.

Mr. and Mrs. James Freer of Eaton Rapids were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Fish the latter part of last week.

Theodore Kuhl, who is attending school at Grass Lake came home to spend Thanksgiving with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Waltrou, Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Lawrence and Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Fish spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Loomis of Grass Lake.

Used by the ladies of fashion all over the world. It's without doubt the greatest beautifier ever offered the American women. 85c. Made only by Madison Medicine Co. Glazier & Stimson.

SAYS HE WAS TORTURED.

"I suffered such pain from corns I could hardly walk," writes H. Robinson, Hillsborough, Ill., "Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured them." Acts like magic on sprains, bruises, cuts, sores, scalds, burns, boils, ulcers. Perfect healer of skin diseases and piles. Cure guaranteed by Glazier & Stimson. 25c.

FOOD CHANGED TO POISON.

Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels, gently, easily but surely, curing constipation, biliousness, sick headache, fevers, all liver, kidney and bowel troubles. Only 25c at Glazier & Stimson.

SAVED HIS LIFE.

"I wish to say that I feel I owe my life to Kodol Dyspepsia Cure," writes H. C. Christenson of Hayfield, Minn. "For three years I was troubled with dyspepsia so that I could hold nothing on my stomach. Many times I would be unable to retain a morsel of food. Finally I was confined to my bed. Doctors said I could not live. I read one of your advertisements on Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and thought it fit my case and commenced its use. I began to improve from the first bottle. Now I am cured and recommend it to all." Digests your food. Cures all stomach troubles. Glazier & Stimson.

WANTED—More people to advertise in this column. Rates low, returns sure.

The Wm. Bacon-Holmes Lumber, Grain & Coal Co., want the farmers to see them before they sell their beans, and also will buy all kinds of poultry.

A GOOD COUGH MEDICINE.

From the Gazette, Toowoomba, Australia. I find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is an excellent medicine. I have been suffering from a severe cough for the last two months, and it has effected a cure. I have great pleasure in recommending it.—W. C. Wockner. This is the opinion of one of our oldest and most respected residents, and has been voluntarily given in good faith that others may try the remedy and be benefited, as was Mr. Wockner. This remedy is sold by all druggists.

A WOMAN'S AWFUL PERIL.

"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation." These were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lima Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones, formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters, which wholly cured. It's a wonderful stomach, liver and kidney remedy. Cures dyspepsia, loss of appetite. Try it. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND, LOST, WANTED, ETC.

FOR SALE.—A good house and 10 acres of land very cheap. Near school and church. W. B. Collins, Gregory.

NOTICE TO HUNTERS.—No hunting or trespassing will be allowed on the farm occupied by me. F. G. Wilmayer.

LOST.—On Friday a pair of steel bow spectacles. Finder please bring to Standard office.

NOTICE.—Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co. are paying 6 cents for chickens and 8 cents for turkeys.

FOR SALE.—A good piano, cheap. Inquire at Standard office.

WANTED.—A married man to work on farm by the month or year. A good opening for the right man. Inquire of F. H. Baldwin.

FOR SALE.—House and two lots in Lima Center. Electric road, rural delivery, church and school house; desirable location for a good blacksmith. Call or address, R. T. Wheelock, Chelsea.

WANTED.—More people to advertise in this column. Rates low, returns sure.

The Wm. Bacon-Holmes Lumber, Grain & Coal Co., want the farmers to see them before they sell their beans, and also will buy all kinds of poultry.

Fruit Cake an' Plum Puddin'

Mince pies, pumpkin pies, apple dumplings and fancy cakes and puddings will form the prominent part of the menu during the coming holiday season.

In order to have these dishes just right, the materials used must be fresh and of high quality.

The flour, lard, sugar, fruits, spices and all those ingredients which make up a palatable pie, pudding or cake, can be had of us in quantities to suit, with quality the best, and prices the lowest. We will be pleased to fill your orders, and we guarantee that you will be more than satisfied.

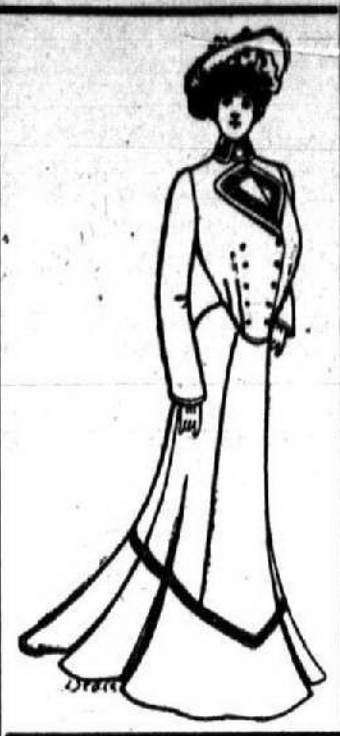
It is our pleasure to give our customers the best of everything.

WE ARE SELLING:

New seeded raisins 10c pound
New Cleaned Currants 12c pound
Citrus, Orange and Lemon peel 25c pound
6 pounds California Prunes for 25c
Fancy California Prunes 10c pound
18 lbs granulated sugar \$1.00
Pillsbury's 4X Flour 60c sack
Pure Buckwheat Flour 30c sack
Pure Maple Syrup 30c quart
Finest Canned Corn 10c can
Finest Canned Tomatoes 10c can
Early June Peas 10c can
New Evaporated Lima Beans 18c pound
Fancy Bulk Olives 20c pint
Home-made Sauerkraut 2 quarts for 15c
Choice Table Syrup for Pancakes 30c gallon
Bargain Coffee 2 pounds for 25c
Fancy washed Figs 25c per pound
Choice California Figs 15c pound
New Halosweet Dates 10c per-pound
Fancy Cluster Raisins 12 1/2c pound

FREEMAN'S.

Our Cloak and Suit Department



has undergone a complete change. More room; better arrangements. We have a Cloak and Suit Department that will surprise you.

A larger assortment of new stylish ready-to-wear garments for Ladies, Misses and Children than were ever shown in Chelsea. We buy from the largest and conceded to be the best manufacturers in the land.

No dealer in any city can give you better fitting garments. Nor can they give you better style garments. When it comes to price we beat them all.

We Save You Money Every Time

Seeing is believing. Come and look. We want to prove to you: 1st--That we have what you want. 2d--That we will save you money on any garment purchased from our Cloak and Suit Department.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' 42 inch Coats in black, brown, red, oxfords, (all popular shades) castor and tan, at \$10.00, \$12.00, \$14.00 and \$17.00.

Ladies' 27 inch Coats, all colors, as above at \$5.00, \$7.00, \$8.50, \$10.00 and \$12.00. Every garment lined throughout. All of the better ones with the best quality guaranteed Skinner satin lining.

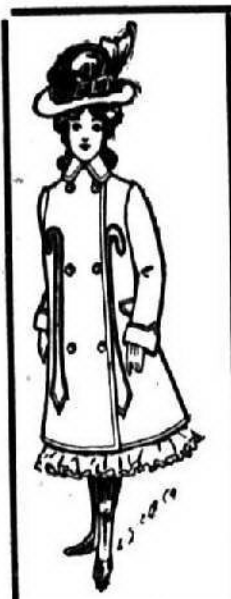


Misses and Childrens Long Coats.

Large assortment; too large, but the prices we have put on them, makes them move at a lively gait.

TO THE LITTLE GIRLS

If you want a nice stylish Long Coat in any color of the rainbow, or any other color, to match your hat, or match your dress, or match your complexion, but mama says: we can't afford to buy one this season, just coax her to come here and look, and we will promise you that when she sees the Coats and learns the prices you will have one of them for next Sunday.



We have an elegant assortment of Ladies' Cloth and Plush Capes made up plain at \$2.50, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00.

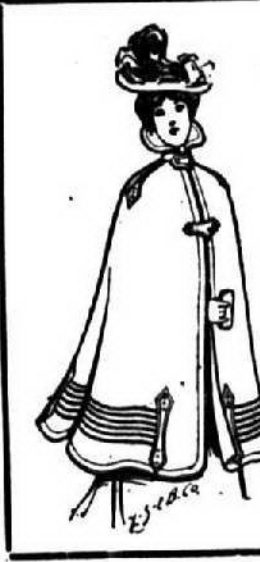
Capes made up first-class with nice fur trimming and best grade serge or satin lining at \$7.50 and \$10.00.

Large assortment of Wool Shawls at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.50.

Ladies' Suits and Odd Skirts.

Suits at \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00, \$13.00, \$15.00 and \$18.00

Odd Skirts at \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00, \$6.50 and \$7.50.



Remember we have a large store and we sell goods on three floors. All kinds of goods usually sold in a Department Store.

COME AND LOOK.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

"THE BIG STORE,"

Standard Patterns for December now on Sale.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

C. E. Fair December 6th.

Nomination of K. O. T. M. officers Friday evening.

Schwickerath Bros. are building a residence on Taylor street.

F. H. Sweetland & Co. will move into their new office next week.

Beginning Monday evening the stores will remain open evenings until after Christmas.

Miss Bertha Kalmbach and Mr. Fred Notten will be united in marriage this afternoon.

On Friday evening of this week Dr. Caster is to lecture in Fowlerville for the eighth time.

Hon. J. S. Gorman delivered the memorial address to the Ann Arbor lodge of Elks Sunday.

Election of officers of Columbian Hive, L. O. T. M., will be held Tuesday evening, December 10th.

Senator Chas. A. Ward, who is engaged in the practice of law in Ann Arbor, was in town on legal business this week.

Chelsea Camp, M. W. A., will elect officers Monday evening, December 9th. The members are urged to be present.

The Michigan Central has a gang of men at work putting in the new sidewalk at the west end of their Chelsea yards.

The taxes in school district No. 3, frl., Sylvan and Lima, will be \$11.78 on \$1,000 valuation. This is 40 cents lower than last year.

Eugene Kuebler of Ann Arbor sustained a fracture of his right shoulder blade during the football game here Thursday afternoon.

The amount of inheritance tax which the state will receive from Washtenaw estates in which final accounts have been filed this year, is \$5,240.

The Thanksgiving day travel has increased steadily during the three years that rates have been made, and railroads are considering the feasibility of increasing the limit next year.

Judge of Probate Watkins has spread the inheritance tax on the estate of Nathan Pierce of Lima. The real estate was \$14,950, and the personal \$3,818.28, on which the tax was \$994.72.

Married, on Wednesday, November 27, 1901, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schenk of Sylvan, Miss Carrie Schenk and Mr. Herman J. Dancer of Jackson, Rev. Katterhenry officiating.

Ann Arbor has an assessed valuation of \$800,40 for every inhabitant, being surpassed in her per capita wealth in the state only by Detroit. In total valuation Ann Arbor is eighth and in population eleventh.

Mrs. L. T. Freeman has had on exhibition a beautiful display of hand painted china, which she has been decorating for western parties. Mrs. Freeman is an adept in this work, and finds it impossible to keep up with her orders.

The son and daughter of Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Caster spent Thanksgiving season in the parsonage home. On Friday evening they gave a reception to the young people of the church and congregation, which was largely attended and thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Married, on Tuesday, December 3, 1901, Miss Adeline Westfall of Lima and Mr. Hervey B. Muscott of Lopez, Wash., Rev. Thomas Holmes, D. D., officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Muscott will remain in Lima until spring. Mr. Muscott was a former resident in this vicinity.

A county farmers' institute will be held in Dexter February 10 and 11, 1902. The program is under the direction of Prof. C. D. Smith of the Agricultural College. The institute has been put in charge of the following committees: Hall, R. C. Reeves; finance, G. A. Peters, E. A. Nordman, Daniel Lyon; program, Isaac Terry; music, C. A. Graves, E. J. Stone, T. Y. Phelps.

At the C. E. fair Friday afternoon and evening, many useful and ornamental articles, suitable for Christmas will be on sale, also candy, ice cream, etc. The opera house will be open during afternoon. Admission, supper and fair, beginning at 5 o'clock, 25 cents, children 15 cents. Owing to the U. of M. glee, banjo and mandolin clubs failing to keep their part of the agreement they will not be present.

The Chelsea market today is as follows: Wheat 75 cents; rye 57 cents; oats 44 to 45 cents; corn in the ear 25 cents; beans \$1.35 to \$1.40 for 60 pounds; potatoes 65 cents; apples 60 to 60 cents; eggs 20 cents; butter 16 cents; beef 2 to 4 1/2 cents; veal calves 5 to 5 1/2 cents; hogs \$5.25; sheep 2 to 3 cents; lambs 3 to 4 cents; chickens 6 cents; fowls 5 cents; onions \$1.10; clover seed \$4.50; pop corn 60 cents; turkeys 8 cents; barley \$1.10 to \$1.15 per hundred.

Six magnificent turkeys, all ready dressed, were brought from the well stocked turkey range at Grey Tower quietly to this office last Wednesday p. m., with a request to have them distributed among families that might not be able to indulge such a provision for Thanksgiving. The editor finally concluded to enlist the services of the Ladies' Relief Corps which made the distribution. The turkeys were very large and fat, one weighing 36 lbs. We were particularly requested to not mention from whence this gift came. This request we decline to honor.—Grass Lake News.

Mrs. H. M. Rhodes of Sharon was in this village Tuesday driving a handsome and spirited roadster. Mrs. R. can handle such a steed if any lady can, but both you and we knew that a high meted horse like this will sometimes do as he pleases when a woman holds the reins. By the way, Mrs. Rhodes' daughter, the music teacher, who for a good while past has taught that science to a large class scattered over the country, has used this horse in going about and in her service the fine animal has traveled over 100,000 miles.—Grass Lake News. The News must have gotten its figures slightly twisted in the latter part of the item. Traveling twenty-five miles a day, which is a large estimate, every day in the year, it would take but a few days short of eleven years to cover 100,000 miles.

Saturday, Mesdames J. C. and Thomas Taylor attended the sixtieth anniversary of the marriage of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kirkland are 86 years of age, and are unusually active for people of that age. There were forty-two present and the occasion was most enjoyable.

Since Sylvan township has been placed the second legislative district of Washtenaw county, it is a question with politicians as to who will call the next representative convention for the first district. The old committee consisted of A. W. Wilkinson, P. J. Lehman and R. D. Walker. Mr. Lehman has since died, and both Wilkinson and Walker are now in the second district.

On Monday Frank P. Glazier purchased the undivided one-half of twelve acres of land lying on the east side of Wilkinson street in the western part of the village, of Archie W. Wilkinson. They expect to plat the same immediately into village lots which will be disposed of early next spring as soon as building operations can be advantageously carried on. The Hawke-Angus railway runs along one side of the property and the Boland road in the street in front of the same.

Ann Arbor has a young man who took heroic means to "break" his father of a bad habit of carrying large sums of money about on his person. One night last week he rigged up a barricade on the route traveled by his father, and when the old gentleman came along, he let fly with both barrels of a shot gun, stunning him, but not otherwise injuring him. Where the boy made his mistake was in stealing the gun with which he hoped to effect the cure, and now he is liable to have time to think over the matter behind the bars.

The December term of the circuit court commenced Tuesday. There are forty issues of fact, four pro confesso divorce cases and four divorce cases which will be contested and sixteen other cases in chancery, making seventy-six cases in all. Among the important cases announced as ready for trial are the following: Michigan Milling Co. vs. Paul G. Tessmer, Henry W. Schmidt vs. Township of Sylvan, Geo. W. Hayes vs. City of Ypsilanti, Bernard Keenan will contest, Kate Hesselchwerdt vs. Russell J. West, and Junius E. Beal et al. vs. Louis J. Liesemer.

Cut this out and keep it. The Scientist-American gives this recipe, which the whole world should know: At the first indication of diphtheria in the throat, make the room close, then take a teacup and pour in it an equal quantity of tar and turpentine, then hold this cup over the fire so as to fill the room with the fumes. The patient inhaling the fumes will cough out the membranous matter and the diphtheria will pass off. The fumes of the tar and the turpentine loosen the throat and thus afford the relief that has baffled skill of physicians.

Sweat and fruit acids will not discolor goods dyed with Putnam Fadeless Dyes. Sold by Fenn & Vogel.

OF BENEFIT TO YOU
D. S. Mitchell, Fulford, Md.: "During long illness I was troubled with bed sores, was advised to try DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve and did so with wonderful results. I was perfectly cured. It is the best salve on the market." Sure cure for piles, sores, burns. Beware of counterfeits. Glazier & Stimson.

TAXPAYERS OF DEXTER TOWNSHIP

I will be at the Kempt Commercial & Savings Bank, Chelsea, December 28th, and at the Dexter Savings Bank December 14 and 21st for the purpose of receiving taxes. Geo. F. Walsh, Treasurer.

LIMA TAXPAYERS

I will be at Lima town hall every Friday during December; at the Dexter bank December 21st; at Jerusalem December 28th; at Chelsea Savings Bank, December 28th, for the purpose of receiving taxes.

Henry Lewick, Treasurer.

LYNDON TAXPAYERS

I will be at Lyndon town house every Friday until January 3d, except December 6th, and at Chelsea Savings Bank every Saturday until January 4th, except December 7th, for the purpose of collecting taxes. E. Rowe, Treasurer.

HEALTH AND BEAUTY

A poor complexion is usually the result of a torpid liver or irregular action of the bowels. Unless nature's refuse is carried off it will surely cause impure blood, pimples, boils and other eruptions follow. This is nature's method of throwing off the poisons which the bowels failed to remove. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are world famous for remedying this condition. They stimulate the liver and promote regular and healthy action of the bowels but never cause griping, cramps or distress. Safe pills. Glazier & Stimson.

SPECIAL

We are giving Special Prices on all

Trimmed and Ready-to-Wear Hats,

Fancy Feathers, etc. I am showing an elegant line of

FANCY HAT PINS,

suitable for Christmas Gifts. Everybody is invited to call and inspect this line of goods.

MARY HAAB.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES.

OUR STOCK SUGGESTION.

If in doubt what to give when selecting birthday or wedding gifts, an inspection of our immense stock will suggest, and the prices will suggest, where to buy.

A. E. WINANS, THE JEWELER.

All the leading periodical of the day on sale at our jewelry store.

Repairing of all kinds promptly done.



IN THE ODD CORNER.

QUEER AND CURIOUS THINGS AND EVENTS.

The Geographical Names of Rhode Island Can Not Be Meddled with by Strangers with Impunity, for They Are Tongue-Tanglers.

VOICE IN A DREAM.

I heard thy voice in a dream last night—
An echo from far away;
I saw thy face in a fleeting light
As caught from some upper day;
But the aspen leaves, alone, alone,
Gave soft aeolian sign;
Thou had'st come back to me, my own,
Afar from the Life Divine.

For the joy I know there was no name
When the voice of the dream I heard,
And a lull in all earth's spaces came
As waiting a wondrous word.
The cry of the heart at last was still,
Thrilled by thy presence there,
And golden memories wake at will
To live in the raptured air.

And the world alone, all music's own,
Answered the silent years—
The song of the spheres was in the tone,
As the iris light in tears;

For the meaning of that mystic word,
Like a cadence from afar,
I listened long as the aspens stirred
In the dusk of the midnight star.

I vigils keep, awake or asleep,
On the border fields untrod—
Where art thou, Love, when the waves
Are deep

And sweep from the shores of God—
I heard thy voice in a dream last night,

Soft as an echoing chime,
Like a bird's swift flight from the
fields of light

To the lonely ways of time!
—Laura F. Hinsdale.

SAY "HAH-HAH" TO A HORSE.

The latest thing proposed in the way of a universal language is a "horse-talk" invented by a celebrated veterinary doctor. He argues that the horse is a cosmopolitan animal, possessing a considerable degree of intelligence, but of necessarily limited conversational and linguistic powers. A horse may be well trained to obey its master by word of command, without the use of either whip or spur; but if it changes masters, especially if the new master is of another nationality, there is trouble; for the horse cannot understand what is said to it. He does not understand the language and so does not know what to do when spoken to. The veterinarian recommends that the owners of horses in all countries should agree upon a universal language to be used in conversation with horses. He suggests a simple vocabulary for the horse Volapuk, consisting of four syllables, used singly or in repetition. These are "he," "ho," "hay" and "hah." "He" means to move forward at a walk and "he-he" to trot. "Hah" should be used to make the horse turn to the right and continue in its forward movement, and "hah-hah" should cause the horse to turn to the right without continuing its forward movement. "Hay" and "hay-hay" should indicate to the horse that he is to turn to the left in a similar manner. "Ho" means to stop and "ho-ho" to back. The inventor of this language believes that if horses all over the world from the time they were broken were accustomed to hearing and obeying these terms it would save much trouble to owners and drivers, and the horse himself would be saved many an application of the whip and spur which now is bestowed upon him. Simply because he does not know what is expected of him he gets so he doesn't care and tries to do as he likes. A somewhat similar universal language for dogs is now engaging the attention of dog fanciers and would be a useful thing. When we say "good doggie" to our neighbor's doubtful bulldog, we want to be sure that we are understood as offering a conciliatory remark.—New York Press.

THIS, POLITE CHICAGO MEN.

"In a Windy town street car, one day last week," says a New Yorker who has just returned from Chicago, "I saw something that was a little different from anything I ever saw anywhere else in a street car before. It was pretty well crowded, this car, and among the people standing up in it was a stout lady, a right down big woman, she was, and no mistake, weighing, I should think, anywhere from 200 to 300 pounds. Right there by her, on one side of the car, sat, side by side, three of the thinnest men I ever saw; it seemed a wonder that there could be in the world three men so thin, and nothing less than marvelous that these three men could have been brought there to sit side by side together right opposite the stout lady. But there they were; and presently one of these men got up and offered the lady his seat. She thanked him gracefully—she was as graceful in bearing as she was stout in form—but declined the seat. Nobody else of those standing near took it. Presently another one of those thin men got up, and he offered her his seat, which also she declined, and which the thin man did not resume. He stood up now along side of Thin Man No. 1, and nobody else took his seat. In a moment the third thin man rose up and politely proffered his seat. The stout lady thanked him as she had the others; and now she sat down. She just filled the space previously occupied by the three. And then those three men, who had never met before in their lives, stood there and looked at one another and smiled.

and other passengers near, who had witnessed the unfolding of this little episode, smiled, too, while the lady, with quiet composure, began to read a newspaper."—New York Sun.

AN ECCENTRIC MAN.

Tournadre, about the most eccentric man that ever lived, died in Paris recently. One day he would preach the wildest anarchy and the next he would be busy with huge practical jokes. Bertrand, the procureur-general of Paris, was at Vichy on one occasion and Tournadre, who was without a sou, asked him for 5 louis. The sheer audacity of a beggar he had never seen before took away Bertrand's breath, and he gave Tournadre a handsome sum. Tournadre rushed back to his hotel and demanded his bill, declaring that he would never stop in a house where anarchists were harbored. The hotel keeper was bewildered. "Yes," said the farceur, "that dangerous anarchist, Tournadre, is here, stopping under the name of Bertrand." The scene when the estimable procureur-general arrived and was thrown out of the hotel can well be imagined. On another occasion Tournadre hired a diligence about 100 years old and was driven to the academy by the famous Maxime Lisbonne. Both of them persisted in entering the academy and congratulating the immortal forty on having elected them as members. When he had nothing else to do he would ring up senators, deputies and officers and order them to immediately repair to the Elysee, as the President of France wished to see them. Then from a local wine shop he would chaff one after another as they left, crestfallen.

THE APES OF GIBRALTAR.

It is perhaps not universally known that Gibraltar, the fortified rock and British stronghold commanding the entrance to the Mediterranean, and thus the maritime route to the far east, is the only spot in Europe where wild apes are still to be found. A correspondent of the Philadelphia Record, who recently spent some days in Gibraltar, writes as follows: "One morning—it was in the beginning of September—I took a horse and rode up to the signal station. At a height of about 900 feet I first noticed a herd of some fifteen apes, and after having reached a height of a little over 1,100 feet I saw several small herds of from ten to twelve. They all seemed to be very tame and inoffensive. However, when I returned to my hotel, I was told by a Highlander officer that my experience was not the rule. The English geologist, P. L. Skelton, spent a few weeks in Gibraltar in September, 1900, for the sole purpose of collecting definite information as to the number of apes still in existence on the rock, and he found their number to be in the neighborhood of 150. One evening, when Mr. Skelton descended with his dog, a swarm of apes awaited him about 200 feet above the Alameda, and as soon as he approached the animals opened a furious bombardment of stones upon him and his dog, by which the latter was instantly killed. Mr. Skelton escaped only with difficulty.

EASY FOR RHODE ISLANDERS.

Rhode Island is a prosperous little state, wealthy, progressive and full of business; but its geographical names cannot be meddled with by the stranger with impunity, for they are as fearsome as those of Maine. Among its rivers are the Pawtucket, Pawtuxet, Pawcatuck, Woonasquatucket, Moshassuck, Uspague, Moswansicut, Seekonk, Chepachet, Ponaganset, Seaconnet and Kickamuit. Among the points of land projecting into Narragansett Bay are Potowomut, Popasquash, Cominicut, Sachuest, Quonset, Nayatt, Chippewanoxtet and Seaconnet. The beautiful little lakes scattered through the state bear such mellifluous names as Weateonnaug, Mishnock, Watchaug, Petequaniscut, Quonochontaug, Pawawget, Yawcoog, Winchech and Pasquiset. Then there are such sweetly named localities as Nassauket, Occupanetuxet, Neutaconkanet, Petticonset, Socconosset, Esocheag, Conanicut, Cowesett, Apponaug and Nanauket. Appalling as these names appear in print, the native Rhode Islander can say them "right off quick, like that," without stopping to think, which shows that the natives are great people.—New York Press.

HOW AGED SQUAWS DIE.

The attention of the United States government has just been called to a barbarous custom that is still being practiced among the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Indians in Oklahoma Territory. The Indians of these three tribes, while living under the management of an Indian agent, are comparatively civilized and do not go on the warpath, but work for their living at farming. But they have no love in their hearts for one of their own people after that person has passed his or her age of usefulness. An aged squaw, after she reaches the age of 80 years, is sent into the fields and left there to die, unless some sympathetic white person comes along and sends the poor old woman to the Indian agency, where she may be taken care of at the expense of the government. Travelers in the reservation may hear the distressing cries of some deserted woman at almost any time they care to listen.—Chicago Tribune.

Smoking on the March.

Experiments have been made in the Swiss army on the effect of smoking on the march. The results were in favor of the troops that were allowed to have their pipes, and moreover, their discipline was better.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

LAST SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE ON SIGNIFICANCE OF DREAMS.

Text: Joel II, 28—Revelations of the Scriptures All-Sufficient—Waking Thoughts Have Their Echo in Sleeping Thoughts—Some Notable Conversations.

(Copyright, 1901, by Louis Klopsch, N. Y.)
Washington, Dec. 1.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage discusses a much talked of subject, and one in which all are interested. The text is Joel II, 28, "I will pour out my spirit upon all flesh; your old men shall dream dreams, your young men shall see visions."

In this photograph of the millennium the dream is lifted into great conspicuity. We all admit that God in ancient times and under Bible dispensation addressed the people through dreams. The question now is, does God appear in our day and reveal himself through dreams? You ask me if I believe in dreams. My answer is, I do, but all I have to say will be under five heads.

Remark the first.—The Scriptures are so full of revelations from God that if we get no communication from him in dreams we ought, nevertheless, to be satisfied.

With twenty guidebooks to tell you how to get to New York or Pittsburgh or London or Glasgow or Manchester, do you want a night vision to tell you how to make the journey? We have in this Scripture full direction in regard to the journey of this life and how to get to the celestial city, and with this grand guidebook, this magnificent directory, we ought to be satisfied. I have more faith in a decision to which I come when I am wide awake than when I am sound asleep. I have noticed that those who give a great deal of their time to studying dreams get their brains added. They are very anxious to remember what they dreamed about the first night they slept in a new house. If in their dream they take the hand of a corpse, they are going to die. If they dream of a garden, it means a sepulcher. If something turns out according to a night vision they say: "Well, I am not surprised. I dreamed it." If it turns out different from the night vision, they say, "Well, dreams go by contraries."

In their efforts to put their dreams into rhythm they put their waking thoughts into discord. Now the Bible is so full of revelation that we ought to be satisfied if we get no further revelation. Sound sleep received great honor when Adam slept so extraordinarily that the surgical incision which gave him Eve did not wake him, but there is no such need for extraordinary slumber now. No need of a dream like that which encouraged Gideon, for all through Christendom it is announced and acknowledged and demonstrated that righteousness, sooner or later, will get the victory.

If there should come about a crisis in your life upon which the Bible does not seem to be sufficiently specific, go to God in prayer and you will get especial direction. I have more faith, ninety-nine times out of a hundred, in directions given you with the Bible in your lap and your thoughts uplifted in prayer to God, than in all the information you will get unconscious on your pillow.

Remark the Second.—All dreams have an important meaning. They prove that the soul is comparatively independent of the body. Every dream, whether agreeable or harassing, whether sunshiny or tempestuous, means so much that, rising from your couch, you ought to kneel down and say: "O God, am I immortal? Whence? Whether? Two natures. My soul caged now—what when the door of the cage is opened? If my soul can fly so far in the few hours in which my body is asleep in the night, how far can it fly when my body sleeps the long sleep of the grave?" Oh, this power to dream, how startling, how overwhelming! Immortal, immortal!

Remark the Third.—The vast majority of dreams are merely the result of disturbed physical condition and are not a supernatural message. Anything that you see while under the influence of chloral or brandy or hashish or laudanum is not a revelation from God.

The learned De Quincey did not ascribe to divine communication what he saw in sleep, opium saturated. Do not mistake narcotic disturbance for divine revelation. But I have to tell you that the majority of the dreams are merely the penalty of outraged digestive organs, and you have no right to mistake the nightmare for heavenly revelation. Late suppers are a warranty deed for bad dreams. The world will not be evangelized until we get rid of a dyspeptic Christianity. Healthy people want a religion that lives regularly by day and sleeps soundly by night. If through trouble or coming on of old age or exhaustion of Christian service you cannot sleep well, then you may expect from God "songs in the night," but there are no blessed communications to those who willingly surrender to indigestibles.

Another remark I make is that our dreams are apt to be merely the echo of our daytime thoughts. I will give you a recipe for pleasant dreams. Fill your days with elevated thought and unselfish action, and your dreams will be set to music. If all day you are going and grasping and, avaricious in your dreams you will see gold that you cannot clutch and bargain in which you were out-shylocked. If during the day you are irascible and pugnacious and gunpowder of disposition you will at night have battle

with enemies in which they will get the best of you. If you are all day long in a hurry, at night you will dream of rail trains that you want to catch, while you cannot move one inch toward the depot. If you are always oversuspicious and expectant of assault, you will have at night hallucinations of assassins with daggers drawn.

The scholar's dream is a philosophic echo. The poet's dream is a rhythmic echo. Coleridge composed his "Kubla Khan" asleep in a narcotic dream and, waking up, wrote down 300 lines of it. Tartini, the violin player, composed his most wonderful sonata while asleep in a dream so vivid that, waking, he easily transferred it to paper.

Waking thoughts have their echo in sleeping thoughts. If a man spends his life in trying to make others happy and is heavily minded, around his pillow he will see cripples who have got over their crutch and processions of celestial imperials and hear the grand march roll down from drums of heaven over jasper parapets. You are very apt to hear in dreams what you hear when you are wide awake.

Now, having shown you that, having a Bible, we ought to be satisfied not getting any further communication from God, and having shown you that all dreams have an important mission since they show the comparative independence of the soul from the body, and having shown you that a majority of dreams are the result of disturbed physical conditions, and having shown you that our sleeping thoughts are apt to be an echo of our waking thoughts, I come now to my fifth and most important remark, and that is to say that it is capable of proof that God does sometimes in our day and has often since the close of the Bible dispensation appeared to people in dreams.

All dreams that make you better are from God. How do I know it? Is not God the source of all good? It does not take a very logical mind to argue that out. Tertullian and Martin Luther believed in dreams. The dreams of John Huss are immortal. St. Augustine, the Christian father, gives us the fact that a Carthaginian physician was persuaded of the immortality of the soul by an argument which he heard in a dream. The night before his assassination the wife of Julius Caesar dreamed that her husband fell dead across her lap.

It is possible to prove that God does appear in dreams to warn, to convert and to save men. My friend, a retired sea captain and a Christian, tells me that one night while on the sea he dreamed that a ship's crew were in great suffering. Waking from his dream, he put about the ship, tacked in different directions, surprised everybody on his vessel—they thought he was going crazy—sailed on in another direction hour after hour and for many hours until he came to the perishing crew and rescued them and brought them to New York. Who conducted that dream? The God of the sea.

The Rev. Dr. Bushnell in his marvelous book entitled "Nature and the Supernatural" gives the following fact that he got from Captain Yount in California, a fact confirmed by many families: Captain Yount dreamed twice one night that 150 miles away there was a company of travelers fast in the snow. He also saw in the dream rocks of a peculiar formation, and, telling this dream to an old hunter, the hunter said: "Why, I remember those rocks. Those rocks are in the Carson valley pass, 150 miles away. Captain Yount, impelled by this dream, although laughed at by his neighbors, gathered men together took mules and blankets and started out on the expedition, traveled 150 miles, saw those very rocks which he had described in his dream, found the suffering ones at the foot of those rocks and brought them back to confirm the story of Captain Yount. Who conducted that dream? The God of the snow, the God of the Sierra Nevada.

God has often appeared in resource and comfort. You have known people—perhaps it is something I state in your own experience—you have seen people go to sleep with bereavements insupportable, and they awakened in perfect resignation because of what they had seen in slumber. Dr. Cranage, one of the most remarkable men I ever met—remarkable for benevolence and great philanthropies—at Wellington, England, showed me a house where the Lord had appeared in a wonderful dream to a poor woman. The woman was rheumatic, sick, poor to the last point of destitution. She was waited on and cared for by another poor woman, her only attendant. Word came to her one day that this poor woman had died, and the invalid of whom I am speaking lay helpless upon the couch, wondering what would become of her. In that mood she fell asleep. In her dreams she said the angel of the Lord appeared and took her into the open air and pointed in one direction, and there were mountains of bread, and pointed in another direction, and there were mountains of butter, and pointed in another direction, and there were mountains of all kinds of worldly supply. The angel of the Lord said to her, "Woman, all these mountains belong to your Father, and do you think he will let you, his child, hunger and die?" Dr. Cranage told me by some divine impulse he went into that destitute home, and saw the suffering there and administered unto it, caring for her all the way through. Do you tell me that that dream was woven out of earthly anodynes? Was that the phantasmagoria of a diseased brain? No. It was an all-sympathetic God addressing a poor woman through a dream.

Furthermore I have to say that there are people who were converted to God through a dream. The Rev. John Newton, the fame of whose piety fills all Christendom, while a profligate sailor on shipboard in his dream thought that a being approached him and gave him a very beautiful ring and put it upon his finger and said to him: "As long as you wear that ring you will be prospered; if you lose that ring, you will be ruined." In the same dream another personage appeared and by a strange infatuation persuaded John Newton to throw overboard that ring, and it sank into the sea. Then the mountains in sight were full of fire, and the air was lurid with consuming wrath. While John Newton was repenting of his folly of having thrown overboard the treasure another personage came through the dream and told John Newton he would plunge into the sea and bring that ring up if he desired it. He plunged into the sea and brought it up and said to John Newton, "Here is that gem, but I think I will keep it for you lest you lose it again." And John Newton consented, and all the fire went out from the mountains, and all the signs of lurid wrath disappeared from the air, and John Newton said that he saw in his dream that that valuable gem was his soul and that the being who persuaded him to throw it overboard was Satan and that the one who plunged in and restored that gem, keeping it for him, was Christ. And that dream makes one of the most wonderful chapters in the life of that most wonderful man.

A German was crossing the Atlantic ocean, and in his dream he saw a man with a handful of white flowers, and he was told to follow the man who had that handful of white flowers. The German, arriving in New York, wandered into the Fulton street prayer meeting, and Mr. Lamphier, the great apostle of prayer meetings, that day had given to him a bunch of tuberoses. They stood on his desk, and at the close of the religious service he took the tuberoses and started homeward, and the German followed him, and through an interpreter told Mr. Lamphier that on the sea he had dreamed of a man with a handful of white flowers and was told to follow him. Suffice it to say that through that interview and following interviews he became a Christian and is a city missionary preaching the gospel to his own countrymen. God in a dream!

John Hardonk while on shipboard dreamed one night that the day of judgment had come and that the roll of the ship's crew was called except his own name, and that these people, this crew, were all banished, and in his dream he asked the reader why his own name was omitted, and he was told it was to give him more opportunity for repentance. He woke up a different man. He became illustrious for Christian attainment. If you do not believe these things, then you must discard all testimony and refuse to accept any kind of authoritative witness. God in a dream!

Rev. Herbert Mendes was converted to God through a dream of the last judgment, and many of us have had some dream of that great day of judgment which shall be the winding up of the world's history. If you have not dreamed of it, perhaps tonight you may dream of that day. There are enough materials to make a dream—enough voices, for there shall be the roaring of the elements and the great earthquake; enough light for the dream; for the world shall blaze; enough excitement, for the mountains shall fall; enough water, for the ocean shall rear; enough astronomical phenomena, for the stars shall go out; enough populations, for all the races of all ages will fall into line of one of two processions, the one ascending and the other descending, the one led by the rider on the white horse of eternal victory, the other led on by Apollyon on the black charger of eternal defeat. The dream comes on me now, and I see the lightnings from above answering the volcanic disturbances from beneath, and I hear the long reverberating thunders that shall wake up the dead, and all the seas, lifting up their crystal voices, cry, "Come to judgment!" and all the voices of heaven cry, "Come to judgment!"

"Then from this earthly grossness quit, Attired in stars, we shall forever sit."

Poverty of English Clergy.—While the bishop of London said a good deal the other day about the poverty of the clergy—pointing out among other things, that 4,666 livings averaged £150 a year, and to fewer than 1,341 benefices were worth only £65 per annum—he did not touch on an aspect of clerical poverty which is well illustrated by the reasons just given by the rector of Seale for resigning his living. This benefice is not worth more than £129 per annum, yet the rector has spent during his tenure as much as £1,500 on the parish and £600 on the rectory house out of his own private means. Much the same story might be told of many a country clergyman who has brought himself near poverty by self-sacrificing expenditure on his "cure."—London Mail.

New Plot in Johannesburg.—Johannesburg dispatch: Another conspiracy has been nipped in the bud. Twenty arrests were made at midnight Tuesday in houses in various parts of Johannesburg. A great sensation followed.

ARE YOUR CLOTHES FADED? Use Blue Bleaching Blue and make them white again. 10c. At all good grocers.

Bishop Scotts Clergyman.—Milwaukee, Wis., dispatch: Bishop Nicholson in an address yesterday scored his clergymen for failing to attend the conference. He said they lacked good manners and courtesy.

The man who hates the Gospel does it for the same reason that an elephant at 'kies at the water which reflects his

WHAT A LEADING AGRICULTURIST SAYS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Prof. Thomas Shaw of Minnesota University Gives an Unbiased Opinion.

In a letter to "The Farmer," St. Paul, dated Sept. 1st, 1901, Prof. Thomas Shaw of the Minnesota State University has the following to say, after having made a trip through Western Canada:

"The capabilities of the immense area known as Western Canada are but little understood on this side of the line. Our people are apt to look upon it as a region of frost and snow, a country in which but a small portion of the land relatively will ever be tillable, because of the rigors of the climate. True, the climate is cold in winter, but Western Canada has, nevertheless, just that sort of climate which makes it the most reliable wheat producing country in all the continent.

An Immense Area.
Western Canada is not only an immense area, but the same description will apply to those portions of the country that are capable of being successfully tilled or grazed. Nearly all of the prairie Province of Manitoba can be brought under cultivation, although probably not one-third of its surface has been laid open by the plow. Assiniboia to the west is a grain and stock country. Saskatchewan to the north of Assiniboia has high adaptation for the same. This also may be said of Alberta to the west. Here lies what may be termed a grain-growing and stock producing empire, the resources of which have been but little drawn upon comparatively, viewed from the standpoint of the agriculturalist. When it is called to mind that even in the Peace River country in Athabasca, and several hundreds of miles north of the Canadian boundary, wheat was grown which won a premium at the World's Fair in 1893, the capabilities of this country in wheat production loom up more brightly than even the brilliant northern lights of the land that lies toward the pole.

Adapted to Stock and Grain Production.
The region under consideration is, however, mainly adapted to growing grain and grazing stock. Much of it is adapted to growing both grain and stock, but certain areas, especially towards the mountains, are only adapted to ranching, except where irrigation will yet be introduced. This, of course, can be done successfully along the many streams that flow down from the Rockies and water the country towards the east and north. The adaptation of the country for wheat production is of a high character. The cool nights that usually characterize the ripening season are eminently favorable to the filling of the grain, and to the securing of a plump berry, and consequently large yields. The crop this year is a magnificent one. In Manitoba and the territories it should certainly give an average of more than 20 bushels per acre. But should the yield be not more than 20 bushels, the crop will be a most handsome one, owing to the large area sown to wheat. Many farmers only grow grain. But those who do succeed as well in growing wheat, and barley as in growing wheat, hence these foods for stock should always be abundant. Some grow cattle mainly, and others combine the two. The last named, of course, is doubtless the safest of the three during a long course of years, that is to say, where much farming is practicable.

Quality of the Live Stock.
It was a pleasurable surprise to note the high quality of the stock. The average of quality in cattle is higher than the average of cattle in our state, unless in the dairy classes. This opinion is not reached rashly or without ample opportunity for investigation. I spent three long days in the show ring at Winnipeg making the awards in the beef classes. I question if any of our states, single handed, could make such a showing in cattle. It was my privilege to make the awards at several shows and at all of their fairs were evidences that much attention is given to the improvement of the stock. I noted carefully the character of the herds that grazed along the railroad and everywhere the high average of the quality of the stock was in evidence.

Reasons for Quality in Stock.
The quality of the grass is good. Many of the settlers came from Ontario and had been schooled as to the value of good stock before going west. The railroads and the government have taken a deep interest in making it less difficult and costly to the farmers to secure good males.

Those who are anxious of changing their residence should bear in mind that the lands in Western Canada are many of them free and others reasonably cheap.

Information will gladly be given by any agent of the Canadian government, whose advertisement appears elsewhere.

New Plot in Johannesburg.—Johannesburg dispatch: Another conspiracy has been nipped in the bud. Twenty arrests were made at midnight Tuesday in houses in various parts of Johannesburg. A great sensation followed.

ARE YOUR CLOTHES FADED? Use Blue Bleaching Blue and make them white again. 10c. At all good grocers.

Bishop Scotts Clergyman.—Milwaukee, Wis., dispatch: Bishop Nicholson in an address yesterday scored his clergymen for failing to attend the conference. He said they lacked good manners and courtesy.

The man who hates the Gospel does it for the same reason that an elephant at 'kies at the water which reflects his

The Diamond Bracelet

By MRS. HENRY WOOD,
Author of East Lynne, Etc.

CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

"The bracelet could not have gone without hands to take it, Gerard," replied Lady Sarah. "How else do you account for its disappearance?"

"I believe there must be some misapprehension, some great mistake in the affair altogether, Lady Sarah. It appears incomprehensible now, but it will be unraveled."

"AY, and in double-quick time," wrathfully exclaimed the Colonel. "You must think you are talking to a pack of idiots. Master Gerard. Here the bracelets were spread temptingly out on a table, you went into the room, being hard up for money, fingered it, washed for it, and both you and the bracelet disappeared. Sir—"

turning sharply to the officer—"did a clearer case ever go before a jury?"

Gerard Hope bit his lip. "Be more just, Colonel," said he. "Your own brother's son steal a bracelet?"

"And I am happy my brother is not alive to know it," rejoined the Colonel in an obstinate tone. "Take him in hand, Mr. Officer; we'll go to Marlborough street. I'll just change my coat, and—"

"No, no, you will not!" cried Lady Sarah, laying hold of the dressing gown and the Colonel in it; "you shall not go nor Gerard either. Whether he is guilty or not, it must not be brought against him publicly. He bears your name, Colonel, and so do I, and it would reflect disgrace on us all."

"Perhaps you are made of money, my lady. If so, you may put up with the loss of a £250 bracelet. I don't choose to do so."

"Then, Colonel, you will, and you must. Sir," added Lady Sarah to the detective, "we are obliged to you for your attendance and advice, but it turns out to be a family affair as you perceive, and we must decline to prosecute. Besides, Mr. Hope may not be guilty."

Alice rose and stood before Colonel Hope. "Sir, if this charge were preferred against your nephew, if it came to trial, I think it would kill me. You know my unfortunate state of health; the agitation, the excitement of appearance to give evidence, would be—I cannot continue; I cannot speak of it without terror; I pray you, for my sake, do not prosecute Mr. Hope."

The Colonel was about to storm forth an answer, but her white face, her heaving throat, had some effect even on him.

"He is so doggedly obstinate, Miss Fenton. If he would but confess and tell where it is, perhaps I'd let him off."

Alice thought somebody else was obstinate.

"I do not believe he has anything to confess," she deliberately said; "I truly believe that he has not. He could not have taken it, unseen by me; and when we quitted the room, I feel sure the bracelet was left in it."

"It was left in it, so help me heaven!" uttered Gerard.

"And now I've got to speak," added Frances Chenery. "Colonel, if you were to press the charge against Gerard, I would go before the magistrates and proclaim myself the thief. I vow and protest I would, just to save him, and you and Lady Sarah could not prosecute me, you know."

"You do well to stand up for him!" retorted the Colonel. "You would not be quite so ready to do it, though, my lady Fanny, if you knew something could tell you."

"Oh, yes, I should," returned the young lady with a vivid blush.

The Colonel, beset on all sides, had no choice but to submit; but he did so with an ill grace, and dashed out of the room with the officer, as fiercely as if he had been charging an enemy at full tilt.

"The sentimental apes these women make of themselves!" cried he in his polite way, when he had got him in private. "Is it not a clear case of guilt?"

"In my private opinion, it certainly was; the reply; 'though he carries it off with a high hand. I suppose, Colonel, you still wish the bracelet to be searched for?'"

"Search in and out and high and low; search everywhere. The rascal! to dare even to enter my house in secret!"

"May I inquire if the previous breach with your nephew had to do with money affairs?"

"No," said the Colonel, turning more trusty at the thoughts called up. "I sized up a wife for him and he wouldn't have her; so I turned him out of doors and stopped his allowance."

"Oh," was the only comment of the police officer.

CHAPTER X.

It was in the following week, and Saturday night, Thomas, without his hat, was standing at Colonel Hope's door, chatting to an acquaintance when he perceived Gerard coming tearing up the street. Thomas' friend backed against the rails and the police, and Thomas himself stood with the door in his hand, ready to touch his hair to Mr. Gerard as he passed. Instead of passing, however, Gerard cleared the steps at a bound, pulled Thomas with himself inside, shut the door and double locked it.

Thomas was surprised in all ways. Not only at Mr. Gerard's coming in at night, but the Colonel had again harshly forbidden the house to him, and the servants to admit him, but at the sud-

denness and strangeness of the action. "Cleverly done," quoth Gerard, when he could get his breath. "I saw a shark after me, Thomas, and had to make a bolt for it. Your having been at the door saved me."

Thomas turned pale.

"Mr. Gerard, you have locked it, and I'll put up the chain, if you order me, but I'm afraid it's going agin the law to keep out them detectives by force of arms."

"What's the man's head running on now?" returned Gerard. "There are no detectives after me; it was only a seedy sheriff's officer. Pshaw, Thomas! there's no worse crime attached to me than a slight suspicion of debt."

"I'm sure I trust not, sir; only master will have his own way."

"Is he at home?"

"He's gone to the opera with my lady. The young ladies are, upstairs alone. Miss Seaton has been ill, ever since the bother, and Lady Frances is staying at home with her."

"I'll go up and see them. If they are at the opera, we shall be snug and safe."

"Oh, Mr. Gerard, had you better go up, do you think?" the man ventured to remark. "If the Colonel should come to hear of it—"

"How can he? You are not going to tell him, and I am sure they will not. Besides, there's no help for it; I can't go out again for hours. And, Thomas, if any demon should knock and ask for me, I am gone to—to an evening party up at Putney; went out you know by the side door."

Thomas watched him run up the stairs, and shook his head. "One can't help liking him, with it all; though where could the bracelet have gone to if he did not take it?"

The drawing rooms were empty, and Gerard made his way to a small room that Lady Sarah called her "boudoir."

There they were—Alice buried in the pillows of an invalid's chair, and Lady Frances careening about the room, apparently practicing some new dancing step. She did not see him; Gerard danced up to her, and took her hand, and joined in it.

"When the cat's away the mice can play," cried Gerard, treating them to a step.

"Mr. Hope," remonstrated Alice, lifting her feeble voice, "how can you indulge these spirits while things are so miserable?"

"Sighing and groaning won't make them light," he answered, sitting down on a sofa near to Alice. "Here's a seat for you, Fanny, come along," he added, pulling Frances to his side. "First and foremost, has anything come to light about that mysterious bracelet?"

"Not yet," sighed Alice. "But I have no rest; I am in hourly fear of it."

"Fear?" uttered Gerard in astonishment. Alice winced and leaned her head upon her hand; she spoke in a low tone.

"You must understand what I mean, Mr. Hope. The affair has been productive of so much pain and annoyance to me, that I wish it could be ignored forever."

"Though it left me under a cloud," said Gerard. "You must pardon me if I cannot agree with you. My constant hope is that it may all come to daylight; I assure you I have specially mentioned it in my prayers."

"Pray don't, Mr. Hope," reproved Alice.

"I'm sure I have cause to mention it, for it is sending me into exile; that and other things."

"It is guilty only who flee, not the innocent," said Frances. "You don't mean what you say, Gerard."

"Don't! There's a certain boat advertised to steam from London bridge wharf tomorrow, wind and weather permitting, and it steams me with it. I am compelled to fly my country."

"Be serious and say what you mean."

"Seriously, then, I am over head and ears in debt. You know my uncle stopped my allowance in the spring and sent me—metaphorically—to the dogs. I had a few liabilities, and they have all come down upon me. But for this confounded bracelet affair, there's no doubt the Colonel would have settled them; rather than let the name of Hope be dubiously banded by the public; he would have expended his ire in growls and have gone and done it. But that is over now, and I go to take up my abode in some renowned colony for desolate English, beyond the pale of English lock-ups. Boulogne or Calais, or Dieppe or Brussels I may see; and there I may be kept for years."

Neither of the young ladies answered immediately; they saw the facts were serious, and that Gerard was only making light of it before them.

"How shall you live?" questioned Alice. "You must live there as well as here; you cannot starve."

"I shall just escape the starving. I have got a trifle, enough to swear by, and keep me on potatoes and salt. Don't you envy me my prospects?"

"When do you suppose you may return?" inquired Lady Frances; "I ask it seriously, Gerard."

"I know no more than you, Fanny. I have no expectations but from the Colonel. Should he never reappear, I am caged there for good."

"And so you ventured here to tell us this, and bid us good-by?"

"No; I never thought of venturing

here; how could I tell that the bazaar would be at the opera? A shark set on me in the street, and I had to run for my life. Thomas happened to be conveniently at the door, and I rushed in, and saved myself."

"A shark!" uttered Alice, in dismay, who in her inexperience had taken his words literally—"a shark in the street?"

Lady Frances Chenery laughed. "One with sharp eyes and a hooked nose, Alice, speeding after me on two legs, with a polite invitation from one of the law lords. He is watching on the opposite side now."

"How shall you get away?" exclaimed Frances.

"If the bazaar comes home before 12 Thomas must dispose of me somewhere in the lower regions; Sunday is free for us, thank goodness. So please make the most of me, both of you, for it is the last time you will have the privilege. By the way, Fanny, will you do me a favor? There used to be a little book of mine in the glass bookcase in the library; my name in it and a mottled cover; I wish you would go and find it for me."

CHAPTER XI.

Lady Frances left the room with alacrity. Gerard immediately bent over Alice, and his tone changed.

"I have sent her away on purpose. She'll be half an hour rummaging, for I have not seen the book there for ages. Alice, one word before we part. You must know that it was for your sake I refused the marriage proposed to me by my uncle; you will not let me go into banishment without a word of hope, a promise of your love to lighten it."

"Oh, Gerard," she eagerly said, "I am so glad you have spoken; I almost think I should have spoken myself, if you had not. Just look at me."

"I am looking at you," he fondly answered.

"Then look at my hectic face, my constantly tired limbs, my sickly hands; do they not plainly tell you that the topics you would speak of must be barred topics to me?"

"Why should they be? You will get stronger."

"Never. There is no hope of it. Many years ago, when the illness first came on me, the doctors said I might get better with time; but the time has come, and come, and come, and—gone, and only left me a more confirmed invalid. To an old age I cannot live; probably but a few years; ask yourself, Gerard, if I am one who ought to marry and leave behind a husband to regret me; perhaps children. No, no."

"You are cruel, Alice."

"The cruelty would be, if I selfishly allowed you to talk of love to me; or, still more selfish to let you cherish hopes that I would marry. When you hinted at this the other evening when that wretched bracelet was lost, I reproached myself with cowardice in not answering more plainly than you had spoken. I should have told you, Gerard, as I tell you now, that nothing, no persuasion from the dearest person on earth shall ever induce me to marry."

"You dislike me, I see that."

"I did not say so," answered Alice, with a glowing cheek. "I think it very possible that—if I could ever allow myself to dwell on such things—I should like you very much, perhaps better than I could like any one."

"And why will you not?" he persistently uttered.

"Gerard, I have told you. I am too weak and sickly to be other than I am. It would only be deceiving myself and you. No, Gerard, my love and hopes must lie elsewhere."

"Where?" he eagerly asked.

Alice pointed upwards.

"I am learning to look upon it as my home," she whispered, "and I must not suffer hindrances to obscure the way. It will be a better home than even your love, Gerard."

Gerard Hope smiled.

(To be continued.)

GIRL WHO GOT PRETTIER.

An Embarrassing Misunderstanding Caused by a Vocal Cockneyism.

Mr. Charles Whympere, the well-known engraver and animal painter, told the following anecdote a few years ago: "I dined at Mr. So-and-so's at Highgate last night, and as a mark of honor his eldest daughter was assigned to me to take down to dinner. She's a bright girl, and I got along very nicely with her and Lady Blitherington on the other side, until the ladies were on the eve of retiring to the drawing room. I was talking about the beautiful scenery near the house, the views from the windows, the fine air, when Miss — suddenly said: 'I think I get prettier every day—don't you? What could she mean? I did not dare to answer her, so I said: 'I beg your pardon—what did you say?' 'I said I think I get prettier every day. There was no mistaking her words, so I answered: 'Yes, indeed, you get prettier; and no wonder, in such fresh air, and—' Just then she caught her mother's eye, and with the other ladies she left the room. As she went out she looked over her shoulder with such a withering scorn in her eyes that I knew I had put my foot in it some how. Then it flashed upon me that I had misunderstood her; she had dropped an 'h.' What she had said was not a silly compliment to herself; the sentence really was: 'I think Highgate prettier every day.' Mr. Whympere's hair is quite gray now—Chambers."

The friends of the Hon. Carter Harrison should take him into some quiet nook and inform him that "the man of destiny" business has been overworked.—Washington Post.

Thrown from His Cab and Killed.

The following is a most interesting and, in one respect, pathetic tale:—Mr. J. Pope, 42 Ferrar Road, Streatham, England, said:

"Yes, poor chap, he is gone, dead—horse bolted, thrown off his seat on his cab—he was driving and killed—poor chap, and a good sort, too, mate."

It was him, you see, who gave me the half-bottle of St. Jacobs Oil that made a new man of me. 'Twas like this: me and Bowman were great friends. Some gentleman had given him a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil which had done him a lot of good; he only used half the bottle, and remembering that I had been a martyr to rheumatism and sciatica for years, that I had literally tried everything, had doctors, and all without benefit, I became discouraged, and looked upon it that there was no help for me. Well," said Pope, "you may not believe me, for it is a miracle, but before I had used the contents of the half-bottle of St. Jacobs Oil which poor Bowman gave me, I was a well man. There it is, you see, after years of pain, after using remedies, oils, embrocations, horse liniments, and spent money on doctors without getting any better, I was completely cured in a few days. I bought another bottle, thinking the pain might come back, but it did not, so I gave the bottle away to a friend who had a lame back. I can't speak too highly of this wonderful pain-killer."

TREASURES OF MARCIANA.

The Sanzovino Palace to Be Their Resting Place.

Lovers of Venice will remember, some time ago, a cry in the press, particularly in England, about the Doges palace going more or less to ruin, and that the great Marciana library, housed in it, was much too heavy to be safe. It is not my intention here to reopen the question, which was never really cleared up, but to chronicle that at last the library is about to be removed to its rightful resting place, the Sanzovino palace, erected on purpose to hold it. In 1812 it was removed from there to the Doges palace by a decree of Napoleon, but has always seemed out of its element, as it were, the rooms not being adapted for such a purpose. The collection is one of the most precious of rich Italy, there being 300,000 volumes, 100,000 pamphlets and 11,000 manuscripts, most of them of inestimable value. Tradition states that the nucleus of the library of St. Mark's was a present made by Petrarch of some of his own works to the city; but history has it that the beginning was when Cardinal Bessarione turned over his collection, nearly 800 volumes, to Venice, in 1468, the latest additions being from suppressed monasteries in the provinces. Among the most ancient MSS. are the Greek "Evangelii" of the eighth century, and an Old Testament of the ninth. Perhaps more interesting are the secular MSS. of the thirteenth and later centuries, illustrated by odd little figures of horsemen and saluts. There is a "Divina Commedia," with grotesque figures, of the first half of the fourteenth century. There is a notable code of Hamed, of the thirteenth century, with Turks depicted in full costume, and a fragment of a Persian poem of the fifteenth century. The autographs are precious to a degree. There is one of Cardinal Bessarione, the "Dialogues" of Tasso, writings of Galileo, Sarpi, and, more recent, of Goldoni, to mention only one or two. Of books, which I can choose to mention: "Epistles" of Cicero, printed in 1469; "Poems, Songs and Triumphs" of Petrarch, dated 1470; the first sample of printing of Nicola Janson, and so on. Space forbids me to mention more, but I have given an idea of what treasures the library contains.—Roman correspondence of the Pall Mall Gazette.

A Clergyman's Discovery.

Fredericksburg, Ind., Dec. 2.—According to the positive declaration of Rev. E. P. Stevens of this place, that gentleman has found a remedy for all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs. For years he suffered severely with these complaints, incontinence of the urine, making life a burden to him, but he never ceased experimenting in the hope that some day he would discover a remedy. After many failures he has at last succeeded and is today perfectly cured and a well man, and explains that his recovery is due to the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. This remedy has been successfully applied to many cases of Lame Back, Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Diabetes and other Kidney Diseases and there seems to be no case of the kind that Dodd's Kidney Pills will not cure. This is the only remedy that has ever cured Bright's Disease.

Yankee in Russia.

An American company has received a franchise to construct a street railway line in St. Petersburg which involves building an enormous bridge over the River Neva. The whole cost of the enterprise is estimated at 150,000,000 rubles. The franchise has already received the sanction of M. Witte, the minister of finance. In financial circles it is believed that this will have a powerful political and economical effect on the future of Russia and the United States. M. Witte certainly is anxious to develop a connection between the two countries and will have no hesitation in doing so even at the expense of France, though two strings to his bow will be better.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Powder?

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STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

I, J. S. CHENEY, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of the late F. J. CHENEY, deceased, as the same appears from the records of the probate court of the City of Toledo, Ohio, to-wit: That said will was duly proved and admitted to record on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1884.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1884.

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No abilities, however splendid, can command success without intense labor and persevering application.—A. T. Stewart.

The man who refuses to walk in the light as God gives it, has only himself to blame for what happens in the dark.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 2.—Garfield Headache Powders are sold here in large quantities; this shows that people realize the value of a remedy at once effective and harmless. The Powders are of undoubted value in curing headaches of all kinds and in building up the nervous system. Investigate every grade of remedies offered for the cure of headaches and the Garfield Headache Powders will be found to hold first place. Write the Garfield Tea Co. for samples.

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PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are as easy to use as soap. No muss or failures. 10c per package. Sold by druggists.

Anti-Smoking Society.

With the inspiring title of the Red Brotherhood, a league has been founded to band together boys who are open to promise that they will not commence smoking until they are at least sixteen years of age. There can be no question as to the harm inflicted upon the rising generation by indulgence in the smoking habit. Taking its title from the watchwords, Red Example and Determined, the Red Brotherhood has been formed that boys themselves may meet the evil without calling in the assistance of state legislation, as has been found necessary in other countries. The organization aims at extreme simplicity in its working, and boys of every class and creed are invited to become members. There are no fees, and there will be no public appeal for money. To join the Red Brothers boys must visit or write to the warden of the society, St. Hugh's, Penzance, simply making the promise: "I will not smoke until I am sixteen years old." A badge and additional information will then be supplied.—London Express.

To Cure a Cold in One day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

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For weakness, stiffness and soreness in aged people use Wizard Oil. Your druggist knows this and sells the Oil.

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Pilo's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 323 Third Ave., N. Y. Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1901.

The more we do the more we can do; the more busy we are, the more leisure we have.—Hazlitt.

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We are all living under a sentence of death. Sooner or later the sentence will be entered.

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Gentlemen—I used two bottles of Baxter's Man rake Bitters and it had a decidedly good effect along the line of general health. I took it for digestive troubles and was much pleased with the result. G. A. Botsford, Quawaway, Mich.

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Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic in
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GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY.
Physician always present to administer gas or
any anesthetic for extracting. Your family phy-
sician. If you choose. We also have a good re-
liable local anesthetic for extracting. Call and
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Veterinary Surgeon
Treats all diseases of domesticated ani-
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you may desire and I make a specialty of
every case I have.
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pared to do all kinds of Dental Work in a care-
ful and thorough manner and as reasonably as
first class work can be done. There is nothing
known in the Dental art but that
we can do for you, and we have a Local Ana-
esthetic for extracting that has no equal.
Special attention given to Children's teeth.
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Bills furnished free.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."
Time Card, taking effect, Nov. 2, 1901
TRAINS EAST:
No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:22 a. m.
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No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.
No. 6—Express and Mail 3:15 p. m.
TRAINS WEST:
No. 3—Express and Mail 9:15 a. m.
No. 18—Grand Rapids 6:17 p. m.
No. 7—Chicago Express 10:20 p. m.
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OFFICIAL
RAILWAY GUIDE
25 CENTS
160 ADAMS STREET, CHICAGO.

County and Vicinity
Manchester's new canning factory
was completed last Thursday, and
now the company can can.
After once declining the gift, Jack-
son's council has accepted a park site
donated by P. B. Loomis, and made
a recommendation for an expenditure
of \$1,500 next year.

Edwin W. Wallace, one of the early
pioneers of Saline township, died very
suddenly Friday morning. He was
supervisor six years and sheriff of
Washtenaw county four years. He
was buried with Masonic honors Sun-
day.

Charles H. Shoeman, Ann Arbor's
colored poet, has found an "angel"
who will back him for a tour in En-
gland and already eleven engagements
have been secured. Mr. Shoeman ex-
pects to leave about the first of Feb-
ruary.

Stephen Perrin informs us that he
unearthed the skeleton of a human
being in a gravel pit on Hiram Par's
farm. The head was missing and the
one found there some years ago prob-
ably belonged to the skeleton just un-
covered. It is thought to be that of
an Indian.—Manchester Enterprise.

Judge Kiene dissolved the injunc-
tion in the Eata Malt case as far as
Jesse Bordeau and the Cere Vita Co.
are concerned, except as to the four
formulae which Mr. Bordeau sold to
Charles Wagner. These are held to
be Mr. Wagner's exclusive property.
Under the decision Mr. Bordeau has
the privilege of going to work for
Battle Creek firm, and the Cere
Vita Co. can resume business.

SAW DEATH NEAR.
"It often made my heart ache," writes
L. C. Overstreet of Elgin, Tenn., "to hear
my wife cough until it seemed her weak
and sore lungs would collapse. Good doc-
tors said she was so far gone with con-
sumption that no medicine or earthly
help could save her, but a friend recom-
mended Dr. King's New Discovery and
persistent use of this excellent medicine
saved her life." It's absolutely guaran-
teed for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma
and all throat and lung diseases. 50c and
\$1.00 at Glazier & Stimson's. Trial bot-
tles free.

BRAIN-FOOD NONSENSE.
Another ridiculous food fad has been
branded by the most competent authori-
ties. They have dispelled the silly no-
tion that one kind of food is needed for
brain, another for muscles, and still another
for bones. A correct diet will not only
nourish a particular part of the body,
but it will sustain every other part.
Yet, however good your food may be, its
nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or
dyspepsia. You must prepare for their
appearance or prevent their coming by
taking regular doses of Green's August
Flower, the favorite medicine of the
healthy millions. A few doses aids di-
gestion, stimulates the liver to healthy
action, purifies the blood, and makes you
feel buoyant and vigorous. You can
get Dr. G. C. Green's reliable remedies
at Glazier & Stimson's. Get Green's
Special Almanac.

MORTGAGE SALE.
Default having been made in the payment of
certain sums of money being principal and in-
terest secured by a certain mortgage made and
executed by John C. Smith, a single man, of
the township of Lodi, County of Washtenaw,
and State of Michigan, to J. H. Bauer of the
same place, bearing date March 7th, 1898 and
recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds
of Washtenaw county, Michigan on the 15th
day of March A. D. 1898, in Liber 36 of Mort-
gages, on Page 475. By reason of which default
in the payment of the amount due upon the
said mortgage debt, the power of sale contained
in said mortgage has become operative, and no
suit or proceeding at law having been instituted
to recover the debt secured by said mort-
gage, or any part thereof, and there is now
claimed to be due upon said mortgage the sum
of three hundred and thirty dollars and fifty
cents (\$330.50) principal and interest with
an attorney fee of fifteen dollars as provided by
law and stipulated in said mortgage.
Now therefore notice is hereby given that by
virtue of the power of sale contained in said
mortgage and in pursuance of the statute
in such case made and provided said mortgage
will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises de-
scribed therein at public auction to the highest
bidder at the east front door of the court
house in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county
of Washtenaw (that being the place where the
Circuit Court for said county of Washtenaw is
held) on Monday, the 11th day of February A.
D. 1902, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of that
day.
Which said premises are described in said
mortgage as follows: All that certain place or
parcel of land situate and being in the town-
ship of Lodi in the county of Washtenaw, and
State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-
wit: The south half of the west half of the
north east quarter of section thirty-three (33),
town three (3) south of range five (5) east, con-
taining 40 acres of land more or less.
Dated, November 18th, 1901.
HUTCHES BAUER, Mortgagee.
FRANK E. JONES,
Ann Arbor, Mich.,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.
Default having been made in the conditions
of payment of the sum due upon a certain note
and indenture of mortgage made on the 25th
day of July, 1902, by Eliza C. Bird to John M.
Wheeler, which mortgage was recorded in the
office of the Register of Deeds of the County of
Washtenaw, on the 25th day of August, 1892, in
Liber 79 of Mortgages on Page 431 on which
there is claimed to be due at the date of this
notice the sum of \$440.17, and no proceed-
ings at law or equity have been taken to re-
cover the said sum of money or any part
thereof.
Notice is hereby given that on the 25th
day of January, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the
forenoon of said day, at the south front door
of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor,
State of Michigan, the said mortgage will be
foreclosed and the lands and tenements there-
by conveyed will be sold at public auction or
vendue to the highest bidder to satisfy the
debt secured thereby, and the costs and ex-
penses of these proceedings including an attor-
ney's fee of \$15 provided for therein.
The lands, tenements and premises in the
said mortgage mentioned and then and there
to be sold are described as follows: All that cer-
tain place or parcel of land situate and being
in the City of Ann Arbor, County of Washtenaw
and State of Michigan, to-wit: Lot num-
ber twenty-four (24), Block two (2) in R. S.
Smith's Third addition to the City of Ann Ar-
bor, according to the recorded plat thereof.
Dated, Ann Arbor, Mich., October 2, 1901.
HOMER J. LUTHER,
Executor of the estate of John M. Wheeler,
deceased.
LAWRENCE & BUTTERFIELD,
Attorneys for Executor of Mortgage,
Ann Arbor, Mich.

HOWARD'S BAKING POWDER
is the strongest and purest.
J. G. EARL,
First door east of Hoag & Holmes.
OLIVE LODGE NO 156, F & A. M.
Regular meetings of Olive Lodge,
No. 156, F & A. M. for 1901.
Jan. 1, Jan. 29, March 5, April 2,
April 30, May 28, June 25, July 30,
Aug. 27, Sept. 24, Oct. 22, Nov. 19.
Annual meeting and election of officers
Dec. 24.
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Not blue or dirty gray.
Colors preserved in colored goods. We
use no corrosive, nor color destroying
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Is the only tailoring that assures satisfaction in every way. We
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We make it our business to keep up with the latest styles, both
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The Celebrated Todd Stoves,
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Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
This preparation contains all of the
digestants and digests all kinds of
food. It gives instant relief and never
fails to cure. It allows you to eat all
the food you want. The most sensitive
stomachs can take it. By its use many
thousands of dyspeptics have been
cured after everything else failed. It
prevents formation of gas on the stom-
ach, relieving all distress after eating.
Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.
It can't help
but do you good
Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.
The 51c bottle contains 2 3/4 times the 50c size.
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"I suffered for years with a bronchial
or lung trouble and tried various remedies
but did not obtain permanent relief until
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Cure," writes Rev. James Kirkman, evan-
gelist of Belle River, Ill. "I have no hesi-
tation in recommending it to all sufferers
from malades of this kind." One Minute
Cough Cure affords immediate relief for
coughs, colds and all kinds of throat and
lung troubles. For croup it is unequalled.
Absolutely safe. Very pleasant to take,
never fails and is really a favorite with
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Stimson.

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A rare joint. Tender meats handled to improve rather than de-
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Miller Sisters.

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Look at this picture. It is
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Dealers in Pumps, Pipes, Fittings and Windmills.
Patent wood rod couplings. No more burrs and bolts to lose. Also
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of the choicest kind and our prices are JUST RIGHT. We won't do a thing
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